St. Joseph's College of Commerce (Autonomous) 163, Brigade Road, Bengaluru – 560 025

Accredited and Re-Accredited with 'A' Grade by the National Assessment and Accreditation Council (NAAC)

Recognized by the UGC as "COLLEGE WITH POTENTIAL FOR EXCELLENCE"



Bachelor of Commerce

Semester I & II

Syllabus w.e.f., 2015 – 2016

Academic year 2020-2021

St. Joseph's College of Commerce

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to Bengaluru Central University) Dedicated to Excellence with Relevance

St. Joseph's College, Bengaluru was established in 1882 by the French Missionary Fathers for the purpose of imparting higher education. In 1937, the management of the College was handed over to the Jesuits, a worldwide Religious order going by the name 'Society of Jesus'. The college and its sister institutions are now managed by the Bangalore Jesuit Educational Society (Regd). A department of Commerce was established in the College in 1949. In 1972, this department became an independent college by the name St Joseph's College of Commerce.

Since its inception as an independent institution, the College has shown growth and progress in academics, co-curricular and extracurricular activities. Besides, there has been a constant effort made by the College to acquire excellence in every aspect of good education. Currently it stands accredited to the National Assessment and Accreditation Council (NAAC)

with an 'A' grade. . In February 2010, the College was recognised by the UGC as a "College with Potential for Excellence".

The College aims at the integral formation of its students, helping them to become men and women for others. Though it is a Christian minority institution, the college has been imparting liberal education to the students of all denominations without any discrimination. St. Joseph's College of Commerce is affiliated to Bengaluru Central University and became autonomous in September 2005. The motto of the college is Fide et Labore or 'Faith and Toil' and the college attempts to inculcate the motto in every student through its various programmes and courses.

The College is committed to providing quality education to its students. It offers Bachelor of Commerce and Bachelor of Business Administration, a three year under graduate Degree programme, and Master of Commerce, a two year Post Graduate programme. Highly qualified staff members, excellent infrastructure of the college like spacious classrooms, good library and computer lab facilities helps to promote academic excellence.

GOALS OF THE B.COM PROGRAMME

- 1. To provide conceptual knowledge and application skills in the domain of Commerce studies.
- 2. To provide knowledge and skills in almost all areas of business to be able to meet expectations of business and to handle basic business tasks, thus

equipping a student to take up entry – level jobs in different sectors of commerce, trade and industry.

- 3. To sharpen the students' analytical and decision making skills.
- 4. To provide a good foundation to students who plan to pursue professional PROGRAMMEs like CA, ICWAI, ACS, CFA and MBA.
- 5. To facilitate students to acquire skills and abilities to become competent and competitive in order to be assured of good careers and job placements.
- 6. To develop entrepreneurship abilities and managerial skills in students so as to enable them to establish and manage their own business establishments effectively.
- 7. To develop ethical Business professionals with a broad understanding of Business from an interdisciplinary perspective.

I. ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION

Candidates who have completed Two year Pre – University PROGRAMME of Karnataka State or its equivalent are eligible for admission into this Programme.

II. DURATION OF THE PROGRAMME

The programme of study is 3 years of Six Semester. A candidate shall complete his/her degree within five (5) academic years from the date of his/her admission to the first semester.

III. MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION

The medium of instruction shall be English.

IV. ATTENDANCE

- a. A student shall be considered to have satisfied the requirement of attendance for the semester, if he/she has attended not less than 75% in aggregate of the number of working periods in each of the subjects compulsorily.
- b. A student who fails to complete the PROGRAMME in the manner stated above shall not be permitted to take the end semester examination.

B.COM PROGRAMME MATRIX, PROGRAMME STRUCTURE & SEMESTER SCHEME OF EXAMINATION: Refer page no 7 – 9

V. TEACHING AND EVALUATION

M.Com/MBA/MFA/MBS graduates with B.Com, B.B.A & BBS as basic degree from a recognized university are only eligible to teach and to evaluate the subjects including part – B subjects of III and IV semesters (except languages, compulsory additional subjects and core Information Technology related subjects). Languages and additional subjects shall be taught by the graduates as recognized by the respective Board of Studies.

VI. EVALUATION SYSTEM

Evaluation for UG programme consists of two components, viz. Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and End Semester Examination (ESE) with the weightage of 30% and 70% respectively.

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) includes a centrally organized MID TERM TEST for 20 marks and other exercises administered by the teacher such as Unit test/Online test/Snap test/Surprise test/Quiz/Assignment

/Presentation/Project/Research article /Seminar etc for an aggregate of 10 marks. Each teaching faculty is required to maintain a record of the Continuous Internal Assessment.

The End Semester Examination will be conducted at the end of each semester. The duration and maximum marks for the End Semester Examination is 3 hours and for 70 marks.

VII. MINIMUM FOR A PASS

A UG student has to get a minimum of 40% marks in the ESE (28 on 70) and 40% aggregate in CIA & ESE (40 on 100) for a pass in each subject. The minimum SGPA to qualify for the B.Com degree is 4.00 and a pass in all subjects.

VIII. CLASSIFICATION OF SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES

Grading System For Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) - The College adopts a ten point grading system. The modalities and the operational details are as follows.

Subject category	Instruction hrs / week	Credits
Languages	3 hrs	2
Major Core	4 hrs	3
Major Optional	4 hrs	4
Allied Required	4 hrs	3
Open electives	4 hrs	3

i. Credits - Credits are assigned to subjects based on the following broad classification

ii. Grade Points – The papers are marked in a conventional way for 100 marks. The marks obtained are converted to grade point according to the following table. If a student is absent for the paper the grade point assigned is 0.

%	95-	90-	85-	80-	75-	70-	65-	60-	55-	50-	45-	40-	Below
Marks	100	94	89	84	79	74	69	64	59	54	49	44	40
Grade	10	9.5	9	8.5	8	7.5	7	6.5	б	5.5	5	4.5	0
Points													

iii. The semester grade point average (SGPA) - is the sum of the product of the credits with the grade points scored in all subjects divided by the total credit of Part A and Part B in the semester.

SGPA = \sum Credits x Grade Points/Total Credits Minimum SGPA for a pass is 4.

If a student has not passed in a subject or is absent then the SGPA is not assigned.

iv. The cumulative grade point average (CGPA)- is the weighted average of all the subjects undergone by a student over all the six semesters of a Programme.

CGPA = \sum Total credits in the semester x SGPA / Total credits of the PROGRAMME.

SGPA and CGPA will be rounded off to two decimal places.

Interpretation of SGPA/CGPA/ Classification of final result for a UG Programme:

SGPA/CGPA/	Grade	Result/Class Description
Subject Grade Point		
9.00-10.00	Ο	Outstanding
8.00-8.99	A+	First Class Exemplary
7.00-7.99	А	First Class Distinction
6.00-6.99	B+	First Class
5.50-5.99	В	High Second Class
5.005.49	С	Second Class
4.00-4.99	Р	Pass Class
Below 4	RA	To Re-Appear

IX. PATTERN OF QUESTION PAPER:

|--|

Section-A	Conceptual / Objective	$1 \text{ mark} \times$	10 Marks
	Questions	10 questions	
Section-B	Analytical Questions	6 marks \times	18 Marks
		3 questions	
Section-C	Essay Questions	15 marks \times	30 Marks
		2 questions	
Section -D	Compulsory Question/	12 marks \times	12 Marks
	Case study	1 question	
		Total	70 Marks

X. REVALUATION, RETOTALING and IMPROVEMENT:

There is provision for **Revaluation**, **Re-totaling and Improvement** within two weeks of the publication of the results.

Revaluation and Re-Totaling: There is a provision for **Revaluation and Re-Totaling** of marks if the application is made within 2 weeks of the publication of results with the prescribed fee.

Provision for Improvement: A candidate, who desires to improve his/her End Semester Examination marks, has to first withdraw his/her original End Semester Examination marks. The student will be awarded whatever marks he/she obtains in the later appearance even if they are less than the marks awarded previously.

B.COM PROGRAMME

			rkugk		KIA		
Content	Ι	II	III	IV	V	VI	TOTAL
			Part A :	Languages			
English	3hr/2Cr	3hr/2Cr	3hr/2Cr	3hr/2Cr	-	•	
Language	3hr/2Cr	3hr/2Cr	3hr/2Cr	3hr/2Cr	-	•	
Ι	4 Cr	4 Cr	4 Cr	4 Cr	-	•	16
			Part B: C	ore Subjects			
Content	Ι	II	III	IV	V	VI	TOTAL
Major core	 Financial Accounting Principles of Management 	 Corporate Accounting Business Law 	 Financial Management Marketing Management Financial Reporting 	Cost Accounting Human Resource Management	 Income Tax-I Advanced Cost Accounting Auditing 	 Income Tax-II Management Accounting Entrepreneurship Development Company Law& Secretarial practice 	
Allied Required	Business Economics-I Mathematics for Managers	Business Economics-II Business Statistics & Research Techniques		Banking			
Major Optional	NA	NA	NA	NA	 Elective Paper-1 Elective Paper-2 	 Elective Paper-1 Elective Paper-2 	
Open Electives	NA	NA	# 4hr/3Cr (as per list given below)	# 4hr/3Cr (as per list given below)			
Skill based Major					Subject Elective Skill based paper		
II	12 Cr	12 Cr	12 Cr	12 Cr	21 Cr	20 Cr	89
		Part C	C: Foundation, sl	cill development	, interdisciplina	ary & Sports	
HRD	1 Cr	1 Cr	-	-	-	-	
IC	-	2 Cr	-	-	-	•	
EVS	-	-	-	2 Cr	-	•	
Internship	-	-	-	*	-	1 Cr	
Certificate & Sports Program	1 Cr Tally			1 Cr Excel		1 Cr Advanced Excel	
III	2 Cr	3 Cr		3 Cr		2 Cr	10
			Part D: E	xtension and ext	tracurricular a	ctivities	
Extension Curricular & Others	•	1 Cr	-	1 Cr	•	1 Cr	
IV	•	1 Cr	-	1 Cr	•	1 Cr	03
Total	18 Cr	20 Cr	16 Cr	20 Cr	21 Cr	23Cr	118

PROGRAMME MATRIX

PROGRAMME STRUCTURE (for I & II Semesters) SEMESTER SCHEME OF EXAMINATION CORE SUBJECTS

SEMESTER – I

	Title of the	Lecture	Mar	ks	Total	Grade/
Course Code	Paper	Hrs per	CIA	ESE	Marks	Credits
		week				
C1 17MC101	Financial	04	30	70	100	03
	Accounting					
C1 15MC102	Principles of	04	30	70	100	03
	Management					
C1 15AR103	Business	04	30	70	100	03
	Economics-1					
C1 15AR104	Mathematics for	04	30	70	100	03
	Managers					
	Total	16	120	280	400	12

SEMESTER – II

	Title of the	Lecture	Μ	arks	Total	Grade/
Course Code	Paper	Hrs per week	CIA	ESE	Marks	Credits
C1 17MC201	Corporate Accounting	04	30	70	100	03
C1 15MC202	Business Law	04	30	70	100	03
C1 15AR203	Business Economics-II	04	30	70	100	03
C1 15AR204	Business Statistics & Research Techniques	04	30	70	100	03
	Total	16	120	280	400	12

CIA – Continuous Internal Assessment

SEMESTER SCHEME OF EXAMINATION LANGUAGES

Sem	Course	Title of the	Lecture	Mar	ks	Total	Grade/
No.	Code	Paper	Hrs per	CIA	ESE	Marks	Credits
			week				
Ι	C1 15 1KN	Kannada	03	30	70	100	02
	C1 20 1HN	Hindi	03	30	70	100	02
	C1 15 1AE	Additional	03	30	70	100	02
		English					
	C1 15 1GE	General	03	30	70	100	02
		English					
		Total	06	60	140	200	04
II	C1 15 2KN	Kannada	03	30	70	100	02
	C1 20 2HN	Hindi	03	30	70	100	02
	C1 15 2AE	Additional	03	30	70	100	02
		English					
	C1 15 2GE	General	03	30	70	100	02
		English					
		Total	06	60	140	200	04

CIA – Continuous Internal Assessment

FOUNDATION COURSES

Sem No.	Course Code	Title of the Paper	Lecture Hrs per week	Grade/ Credits
Ι	FSD 15 101	Holistic Development (Life Skills)	1	1
Ι	FSD 15 301	Tally	1	1
II	FSD 15 201	Holistic Development (Life Skills)	1	1
II	FSD 15 202	Indian Constitution	1	2

Outcome Based Education (OBE) B.Com (Regular)

Program Educational Objectives (PEO)

Our **B.Com** (**Regular**) program will produce graduates who will:

- 1. Be competent, creative and highly valued professionals in industry, academia, or government.
- 2. Be flexible and adaptable in the workplace; possess the capacity to embrace new opportunities of emerging technologies, leadership and teamwork opportunities, allaffordingsustainable management careers.
- 3. Continue their professional development by obtaining advanced degrees in Management or other professional fields.
- 4. Act with global, ethical, societal, ecological and commercial awareness, as is expected of practicing management professionals.
- 5. Adapt to a rapidly changing environment with learned and applied new skills, become socially responsible and value driven citizens, committed to sustainable development.

Programme Outcomes (PO):

PO1 - Demonstrate an understanding of every dimension of business environment to predict the character of future business environment.

PO2 - Propose and implement appropriate decisions in all areas of business management especially finance, marketing, human resource and operations. PO3 - Demonstrate the diverse knowledge of business and corporate laws and their applicability in business, finance and audit.

PO4 - Apply the competencies and creativity required to undertake entrepreneurship as a desirable and feasible career option.

PO5 - Develop broad-based business skills and knowledge, development of general and specific capabilities to meet the current and future expectation of the business, industry and economy at the national and global level.

PO6 - Fulfil educational entrance requirements of relevant provisional bodies and enable them to devise a career in professional accounting.

PO7 - Plan, organise, co-ordinate, direct and control both, business enterprise and non – governmental organisations.

PO8 - Appreciate significance of sustainable development.

PO9 - Achieve higher levels of proficiency and self-actualization through the pursuit of life-long learning.

PO10 - Create, select and apply appropriate techniques, resources, modern management and IT tools (including prediction and modeling) to complex management activities with an understanding of the limitations.

SEMESTER – I C1 17 MC 101: FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

COURSE OBJECTIVES

Students should be able to:

- 1. Explain the concepts, conventions and terms of Financial Accounting within the framework of Ind AS and IFRS.
- 2. Prepare journal, ledger and trial balance and rectification of errors as per Ind AS 8 and 10.
- 3. Construct financial Statements of Sole Proprietorship and Partnership incorporating all the necessary adjustments.
- 4. Compute cash flow statements under both the methods.
- 5. Evaluate firm's profitability and liquidity by using ratio analysis and trend analysis.

Module - 1: Conceptual Framework

Introduction to Ind AS, IFRS, Challenges in implementation, Role of an accountant. Concepts – Assets, Liabilities, Incomes, Expenditure and Equity for Sole proprietor, Partnership firm and Company. Four Pillars of accounting and Accounting Equation.

Module - 2: Accounting Process

Accounting Process - Journal, Ledger, and Trial Balance. Rectification of Errors as per Ind AS 8 and 10.

Module – 3: Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements 20 Hrs

Preparation of Financial statements- Profit & Loss statement and Balance Sheet. Treatment of Ongoing transactions- Goods withdrawn by proprietor, Goods lost by fire, Goods issued as free sample, Goods sent on consignment basis, Cash withdrawn by proprietor, Prepaid expenses, Outstanding expenses, Interest on capital, Interest on drawings, Interest on loan, Provision for Bad debts and Doubtful debts, Depreciation, Commission payable before and after charging such commission.(sole proprietor and Partnership Firm)

Module - 4: Preparation and Presentation of Cash flow Statement 10 Hrs

Meaning of Cash flow, Types of Cash flow, Estimation of cash flow using various methods. (Simple problems only)

Module-5: Basic Financial Statement Analysis

Ratio Analysis based on profits, Balance Sheet, Return on Capital Employed, Return

10 Hrs

10 Hrs

on Investments, Earning per Share, Net Profit Ratio, Current Ratio, and Liquid Ratio. Trend Analysis.

Skill Development

(These activities are only indicative, the Faculty member can innovate)

- 1. Preparation of financial statements using Tally.
- 2. Study of a company's report which includes accounting policies and present a summary.
- 3. Analyze the financial statement of a company using Ratios.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the concepts, conventions and Terms of Financial Accounting within the framework of Ind AS and IFRS.
- 2. Prepare Journal, Ledger and trial balance and rectification of errors as per Ind AS 8 and 10.
- 3. Construct financial Statements of Sole Proprietorship and Partnership incorporating all the necessary adjustments.
- 4. Compute Cash flow statements under old and new methods.
- 5. Evaluate firm's Profitability and Liquidity by using Ratio analysis and Trend Analysis.

Books for Reference

- ✤ Advanced Accounts Jain & Narang Kalyani Publications
- ✤ Advanced Accounting S.N. Maheshwari
- * Advanced accounting–Ashok Sehgal, Deepak Sehgal, Taxmann's
- ✤ Advanced Accounts Grewal
- * Comprehensive guide to IND AS implementation- CA AnandBanka
- * IFRS and Ind AS publications issued by IASB and ICAIrespectively
- ✤ Advanced Accounts M.C.Shukla

SEMESTER – 1 C1 15 MC 102: PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT

COURSE OBJECTIVES

Students should be able to:

- 1. Explain the principles of Management and role and skills of a Manager.
- 2. Integrate the planning, forecasting with decision making process of a given organization.
- 3. Relate the function of organizing with staffing in consideration of their effort on individual actions.
- 4. Identify the range of leadership theories, Directing and controlling tools available in the management.
- 5. Illustrate the range of motivation theories and methods of coordination available for the management practices.
- 6. Describe the factors affecting ethical practices in Business and social responsibilities of management towards all the stakeholders.

Module – 1: Introduction to Management and History of Management Thought 12 Hrs

Introduction: Meaning – Nature and Characteristics of Management Scope and Functional Areas of Management – Management as an Art, Science or Profession – Management and Administration – Principles of Management - Roles and skills of managers.

Evolution of Management Thought: Pre-scientific Management (introduction) – Taylor's Scientific Management – Fayol's modern management - Lillian and Gilberth Human Relations – Elton Mayo.

Module - 2: Planning Forecasting and Decision Making10 HrsPlanning: Nature – Planning Process – Objectives – Types of plans – MBO (Peter Drucker)& MBE

Forecasting: Meaning and purpose of forecasting – Techniques of forecasting - Qualitative and quantitative.

Decision Making: Meaning – Types of decisions – Personal phases of Decision Making - Steps in decision making - Delegation and Principles of delegation.

Module-3: Organizing and Staffing

10Hrs

Organizing: Nature and Purpose of Organization – Principles of Organization – Organization structure and types – Departmentation – Committees – Centralization vs. Decentralization of Authority – Span of Control – Meaning - Factors affecting span. **Staffing:** Nature and Process of Staffing.

Module – 4: Leadership, Directing and Controlling

Leadership: Meaning – Leadership styles – Theories of leadership. Directing: Meaning – Principles and techniques of directing.

Controlling: Meaning and definition – Features – Steps in controlling and methods of establishing control. Techniques of controlling – Budgetary and non-budgetary.

Module – 5: Co–Ordination and Motivation

Co-ordination: Meaning – steps and methods of co-ordination.

Motivation: Meaning - Theories of motivation – Carrot & Stick approach – Maslow's – Mc Gregor's – Herzberg's – ERG – Mc Clelland's – Vroom's Expectancy – William Ouchi's theory Z.

Module – 6: Business Ethics

Meaning – Need and importance - Principles of ethics -profits and ethics – Factors affecting ethical practices in Business Social Responsibilities of Management – Meaning, Social responsibilities of business towards various groups.

Skill Development

(These activities are only indicative, the Faculty member can innovate)

- 1. Different types of Organization Charts (structure).
- 2. Chart of Staffing.
- 3. Graphic representation of Maslow's Theory.
- 4. Chart on Media of Communication.
- 5. Draft Control chart of different industry/business groups.
- 6. Prepare list of corporate strategies that are adopted by Indian Companies to face the challenges of competition.
- 7. Select a successful retail store and give details of factors leading to its success.
- 8. Select a failed venture, if any known to you, and bring out reasons for its failure (Note what we learn from these success & failure stories).
- 9. Select a company and prepare a SWOT analysis for the same.
- 10. Mention the characteristics and skills of managers in the 21st century.
- 11. List out some unethical practices prevailing in an organisation.
- 12. Undertake a study of some ethical practices followed by an organisation.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

- 1. Explain the principles of Management and role and skills of a Manager.
- 2. Integrate the planning, forecasting with decision making process of a given organization.
- 3. Relate the function of organizing with staffing in consideration of their effort on

12 Hrs

6 Hrs

individual actions.

- 4. Identify the range of leadership theories, Directing and controlling tools available in the management.
- 5. Illustrate the range of motivation theories and methods of coordination available for the management practices.

Describe the factors affecting ethical practices in Business and social responsibilities of management towards all the stakeholder.

Books for Reference

- ✤ Appaniah & Reddy: Essentials of Management.
- ✤ Koontz & O' Donnell: Management.
- *L. M Prasad: Principles of Management.*
- * Rustum & Davan: Principles and Practice of Management.
- *♦ S.V.S Murthy: Essentials of management.*
- Sharma & Gupta: Principles of Management.
- Srinivasan & Chunawalla: Management Principles and Practice.
- Thomas N. Duening & John. M. Ivan Cevich: Management, Principles and Guidelines, Biztantra Publications.
- Tripathi & Reddy: Principles of Management.
- ✤ Premavathy M. Dr., Business Ethics, Srivishnu Publication.

SEMESTER – 1 C1 15 AR 103: BUSINESS ECONOMICS-1

COURSE OBJECTIVES

After the course the students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the meaning, scope of business economics and role of business economists in the context of Business decisions.
- 2. Identify the range of approaches to the study of consumer behavior and its implications.
- 3. Describe the law of demand and its implications on demand conditions and price elasticities for developing pricing policies and strategies.
- 4. Estimate demand of the product or service by using appropriate demand forecasting method.
- 5. Describe the law of supply and its implications on production function and output.
- 6. Describe the meaning of marginal revenue and marginal cost behavior in the short run and long run and their relevance for firm profitability.

Module - 1: Business Economics

Meaning – Definitions – Characteristics – Distinction between Business economics and Economics – Scope of Business Economics – Uses/Objectives of Business Economics – Role and Responsibilities of Business Economist – Micro & Macro Economics.

Module - 2: Consumer Behaviour

Consumer Sovereignty – Limitations – Approaches to the Study of Consumer Behaviour -Cardinal Approach – Law of Equi-Marginal Utility – Ordinal Approach – Indifference Curve Analysis – Properties – Consumer Surplus: Meaning – Analysis – Limitations.

Module - 3: Theory of Demand Analysis

Demand – Demand Determinants – Law of Demand – Characteristics - Exceptions- Elasticity of Demand – Price Elasticity – Types - Determining Factors – Change in Demand and Elasticity of Demand – Business Applications of Price Elasticity – Concepts of Income and Cross Elasticity of Demand – Price Elasticity of Demand Measurement By Total Outlay Method including mathematical problems.

Module - 4: Demand Forecasting Methods

Survey of buyer's intention – Collective opinion – Trend projection Economic Indicator. Demand forecasting methods for a new product including mathematical problems.

5 Hrs ics and

15 Hrs

15 Hrs

Module - 5: Production Function

Law of Supply – Meaning – Determinants of Supply. Production Function: Equilibrium Through Isoquants and Isocosts – Managerial Uses of Production Function – Law of Variable Proportions – Economies of Large Scale of Production

- Diseconomies of Large Scale Production.

Module - 6: Cost and Revenue Analysis

10 Hrs

Cost classification – Real cost – Opportunity cost – Money cost – Explicit cost and implicit cost – Economic cost – Fixed cost and variable cost – Total and Marginal cost – Behaviour of short run and long run cost – Cost and Output relations – Revenue concepts – Break-Even Analysis including mathematical problems.

Skill Development

(These activities are only indicative, the Faculty member can innovate)

- 1. Draft the diagrammatic representation of each aspect of the chapter in a book under different chapters.
- 2. Select and discuss the case studies that will have impact on business decision-making in each chapter.
- 3. A survey report on the demand forecasting for a product.
- 4. Student to choose a product and apply price elasticity in real situation.
- 5. Detail charts on Consumer Surplus.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

- 1. Explain the Meaning, scope of Business economics and role of business economists in the context of Business decisions.
- 2. Illustrate the range of approaches to the study of consumer behavior and its implications.
- 3. Examine the law of demand and its implications on demand conditions and price elasticity for developing pricing policies and strategies.
- 4. Estimate demand of the product or service by using appropriate demand forecasting method.
- 5. Examine the law of supply and its implications on production function and output.
- 6. Illustrate marginal revenue and marginal cost behaviour in the short run and long run and their relevance for firm profitability.

Books for Reference

- ✤ D. M. Mithani: Business Economics.
- * Dr. P. N. Reddy & H. R. Appanaiah: Essentials of Business Economics.
- * H. Craig Petersen & W. Cris Lewis: Managerial Economics, PHI.
- ✤ Joel Dean: Managerial Economics.
- ✤ K. K. Dewett: Economic Theory.
- ♦ *M. L. Seth: Test Book of Economic Theory.*
- ♦ Mote V. L. Peul. S & G. S. Gupta: Managerial Economics, TMH.
- ✤ Petersen & Lewis: Managerial Economics.
- Sankaran: Business Economics.
- * Varsheney & Maheswari: Managerial Economics.

SEMESTER – I **C1 15 AR 104: MATHEMATICS FOR MANAGERS**

COURSE OBJECTIVES

Students should be able to:

- 1. Describe basic concepts such as theory of equations, Ratios and proportions and Profit and losses and its applications in Managerial decision making.
- 2. Apply the simple and compound interest methods for computing the present and future value of single and a series of uneven cash outflows and inflows.
- 3. Apply the range of annuity methods for calculating the present and future value of cash outflows and inflows.
- 4. Compute the due date and discount of bill of exchange and foreign exchange rate under direct and indirect quote.
- 5. Forecast the cost of operations and profit of firm by using linear equation.
- 6. Develop Cost, Revenue and profit functions by using Differentiation equation.

Module 1: Basic Mathematical Concepts

Theory of equations (Linear, Quadratic, and Simultaneous) Application of equations to business and commerce.

Ratios and proportions – Basic laws of ratios, proportions – continued, direct, inverse, compound. Mixed proportions - time and work only.

Percentage – Application in business and commerce. Profit and loss, simple discount.

Module 2: Interest

Simple Interest, Compound Interest.

Concept of Time value of money - Times lines and notation - FV of a single amount, Doubling period (Rule of 72, Rule of 69), Growth rate, PV of a single amount, PV of uneven series.

Module 3: Annuities

Annuity immediate - FV of Annuity - Applications, Sinking Fund, Depreciation PV of Annuity – Applications, loan amortisation schedule, relating compound interest formula to PV annuity formula, Capital Recovery Factor.

PV of growing Annuity, Annuity due, PV of perpetuity, Deferred Annuity Intra - year compounding and discounting, Effective Vs Stated Rate

Module – 4: Bills of Exchange and Conversion of foreign Currency 8 Hrs Bills of Exchange – Meaning of face value of bills, true present worth, true discount value, date of drawing, banker's gain, banker's discount of a bill, foreign currency - direct and indirect quotes

10 Hrs

10 Hrs

Module 5: Learning Curve

Meaning, Learning Curve ratios, Linear equations, forecasting of cost and An Impact on profit using learning curve

Module 6: Introduction to Differentiation

Functions (Concepts only) Derivatives – Standard forms, sum and product of two functions. Application of Differentiation Secondary derivatives and maxima and minima, Application in Commerce – Cost functions, Revenue functions, Profit function, Break-Even Point (Simple problems only).

Skill Development

(These activities are only indicative, the Faculty member can innovate)

- 1. Develop an Amortization Table for Loan Amount EMI Calculation.
- 2. Prepare an Overhead Machine/Labour hour rate throughmatrices.
- 3. Prepare a Bank Statement using SI and CI.
- 4. Prepare a Case Study on application of Calculus to business.
- 5. Stock market analysis; market research.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

- 1. Apply the basic concepts such as theory of equations, Ratios and proportions and Profit and losses to the Managerial decision making process.
- 2. Apply the simple and compound interest methods for computing the present and future value of single and a series of uneven cash outflows and inflows.
- 3. Apply the range of annuity methods for calculating the present and future value of cash outflows and inflows.
- 4. Compute the due date and discount of bill of exchange and foreign exchange rate under direct and indirect quote.
- 5. Develop a forecasting equation of cost of operations and profit of firm by using linear equation.
- 6. Develop Cost, Revenue and profit functions by using Differentiation equation.

Books for Reference

- ✤ Dorai Raj: Business Mathematics.
- * Dr. A K Arte & R V Prabhakar: A Textbook of Business Mathematics.
- Saha: Mathematics for Cost Accountants.
- Sanchethi & Kapoor: Business Mathematics.
- Soni: Business Mathematics.
- * Zamirudding Khanna: Business Mathematics

SEMESTER –II C1 17 MC 201 - CORPORATE ACCOUNTING

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The students will be able to:

- 1. Construct the financial statements of company within the frame work of Ind AS
- 2. Develop a process for redemption of Preference shares
- 3. Construct the Restructuring of capital structure in the financial statement of Joint stock company ltd.
- 4. Developthe procedure involved in Amalgamation of companies
- 5. Develop the procedure involved in Absorption of companies

Module - 1: Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements 20 Hrs Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements as per Ind AS Schedule III (Excluding Consolidated Financial Statement) Overall Comprehensive Income, Changes in Equity, Cash Flow, Profit & Loss Statement, Balance Sheet . Treatment of Special Items – Depreciation calculated as per Schedule II, Interest on Debentures, Provision for Tax, Dividends-Interim dividend, final dividend, Unclaimed Dividend, Corporate Dividend Tax.

Module – 2: Redemption of preference shares 10 Hrs

Meaning, Legal provisions as per section 55 of Companies Act 2013, Treatment of Premium received on issue of shares Section 52, Creation of Capital Redemption Reserve, Fresh issue shares, Arranging for cash balance for the purpose of redemption (Use of Equation for finding out minimum or sufficient number of shares to be issued to the public at the time of redemption of preference shares) Minimum number of shares to be issued for redemption, Issue of Bonus shares by using CRR account ,Basics of Buy Back of Shares.

Module – 3: Internal Reconstruction or Capital Reduction10 HrsMeaning, Objective, Procedure, Form of Reduction, Reorganisation through
surrender of Shares, Subdivision and consolidation of shares, Materialisation of
Contingent Liability, Accounting arrangements, Journal entries, Balance Sheet after
Reconstruction.

Module – 4: Amalgamation

Meaning of Amalgamation, Types of Amalgamation, Merger and Purchase, Calculation of Purchase Consideration, Accounting entries in the books of

Selling or Vendor Company, Ledger accounts in the books of Selling Company, Journal entries in the books of Buying company and Preparation of Opening Balance sheet of the Amalgamated Company, Calculation of Goodwill or Capital Reserve. Treatment of Intercompany debts, Intercompany Owings, Unrealised Profits, Discharge of Debentures, Discharge of debenture holders to get same amount of interest in spite of change in rate of interest, Issue of new shares to raise additional capital.

Module – 5: Absorption and External Reconstruction 10 Hrs Absorption and Reconstruction According to Ind AS 103 & 110. Forms of Purchase consideration – Deferred and Contingent consideration. Accounting Entries in the Books of Selling or Vendor Company, Ledger accounts in the books of Selling company, Journal entries in the books of Buying Company and preparation of Balance Sheet of the buying company , Calculation of Goodwill or Capital Reserve , Treatment of – Intercompany debts, Intercompany Owings, Unrealised Profits, Discharge of debentures, Discharge of debenture holders to get same amount of interest in spite of change in rate of interest , Issue of new shares to raise additional capital.

Skill Development

(These activities are only indicative, the Faculty member can innovate)

- 1. Schedule II of Companies Treatment of depreciation
- 2. Make a study of one case of mergers or acquisitions. State the reasons why the firms decided to do so. What benefits were derived by both companies?
- 3. List any 5 cases of amalgamations/ absorption of Joint stock companies with a brief description of each case.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

- 1. Construct the financial statements of company within the frame work of Ind AS.
- 2. Devise a plan for Redemption of Preference shares
- 3. Reconstruct the capital structure in the financial statement of Joint stock company ltd.
- 4. Reconstruct the Balance sheet after Amalgamation.
- 5. Reconstruct the Balance sheet after Absorption and external re construction.

Books for Reference

- ♦ Advanced Accounts Jain & Narang Kalyani Publications
- ✤ Advanced Corporate Accounting S.N.Maheshwari
- Advanced accounting, Corporate accounting Ashok Sehgal, Deepak Sehgal, Taxmann's
- Manual of Financial accounting and reporting- Sanjeev Singhal & R. Shankaraiah
- ✤ Advanced Accounts Gupta and Grewal
- ✤ Advanced Accounts M.C.Shukla

SEMESTER -II C1 15 MC 202: BUSINESS LAW

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The students will be able to:

- 1. Identify the different legislations pertaining to the company, business and individual.
- 2. Define the legal framework of Indian Contract Act and identify loopholes in the system
- 3. Apply the provisions of sale of goods Act 1935 for effecting sale of goods transaction.
- 4. Explain the procedure in getting copy/Patent rights under Intellectual Property Legislation.
- 5. Explain the procedure to seek redressal against disputes under consumer protection Act
- 6. Explain the Procedures involved in Compliances under Foreign Exchange Management Act 1999 and Cyber Laws 1999.

Module – 1: Jurisprudence and Scope

Introduction to Law – Classification of law – Hierarchy of Courts – Brief of procedure in Courts. Meaning and Scope of business law – Sources of Indian business law.

Module – 2: Indian Contract Act of 1872

Definition – Types of contract – Essentials – Offer – Acceptance – Consideration capacity of parties - Free consent- Legality of object and consideration - Various modes of discharge of a contract – Remedies for breach of contract.

Module – 3: Sale of Goods Act 1935

Law of sale of Goods - Conditions and warranties - Transfer of ownership - Performance of contracts - Remedial measures.

Module – 4: Intellectual Property Legislations

Meaning and scope of Intellectual Properties - Patent Act of 1970 and amendments as per WTO agreements: Background – Objects – Definition – Inventions – Patentee – True and first inventor - Procedure for grant of Process and Product Patents - WTO rules as to Patents (in brief) – Rights to patentee – Infringement – Remedies.

Module -5: Consumer Protection Act [COPRA]

Background - Definition of (1) Consumer; (2) Consumer Dispute; (3) Complaint;

22 Hrs

8 Hrs

8 Hrs

6 Hrs

(4) Deficiency; (5) Service – Consumer Protection Council – Consumer Redressal Agencies – District Forum – State Commission and National Commission.

Module – 6: Foreign Exchange Management Act 1999 and Cyber Laws 1999 8 Hrs Objectives of FEMA – Scope and salient features – Offences under the FEMA Act. Objectives of Cyber Laws– Definitions and salient features – Provisions pertaining to Piracy & related Offences & Penalties.

Skill Development

(These activities are only indicative, the Faculty member can innovate)

- 1. Prepare an assignment on the importance of Bankruptcy law.
- 2. Draft a 'rent agreement' incorporating all the essential features of a valid agreement.
- 3. Draft an agreement to repay a loan borrowed from a bank on installment basis.
- 4. Case laws 'involving points of law of contracts'.
- 5. Draft a complaint against 'unfair trade practice' adopted by a businessman, to the consumer forum.
- 6. List out the latest cases of both High Court and Supreme Court on Environmental issues with both facts and judgements [at least 2 cases].
- 7. Quote examples of violation of Cyber Laws.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify the different legislations pertaining to the company, business and individual.
- 2. Define the legal framework of Indian Contract Act and identify loopholes in the system
- 3. Apply the provisions of sale of goods Act 1935 for effecting sale of goods transaction.
- 4. Explain the procedure in getting copy /Patent rights under Intellectual Property Legislation.
- 5. Explain the procedure to seek redressal against disputes under consumer protection Act
- 6. Explain the Procedures involved in Compliances under Foreign Exchange Management Act 1999 and Cyber Laws 1999.

Books for Reference

- Aswathappa. K & Ramachandra: Business Law, HPH, Mumbai.
- ✤ Bare Acts.

- ✤ Garg, Sareen, Sharma & Chawla: Business Law.
- ★ Kapoor N.D: Business Law, Sultan Chand & Co.
- ✤ M. C. Kuchhal: Business Law.
- ✤ Nabhi: Business Law, Indian Law House, Mumbai.
- * Tulsian: Business Law, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.

SJCC/B.Com.- Regular/1 & 2 Sem/2020-2021/P-27

SEMESTER – II C1 15 AR 203: BUSINESS ECONOMICS – II

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the type of market structure and its implications on Pricing and Output decisions.
- 2. Select the appropriate pricing in accordance with type of the pricing policy.
- 3. Evaluate the Monetary and Fiscal policy and its implications on inflation.
- 4. Analyze the change of conditions of Business Cycles and its implications on business decision making.
- 5. Examine the changes in the Balance of Trade and Balance of payment and its relevance on business decision making.
- 6. Evaluate the role of Foreign Trade and policy in the economic development of country

Module - 1: Market Structure

Perfect Competition – Features – Price and Output Determination-Influence of Time Element on Price and Output – Monopoly – Features – Price and Output Determination– Price Discrimination– Price Output Determination Under Discriminating Monopoly. Monopolistic Competition – Features – Price and Output Determination in Short Run and in Industry – Features ofDuopoly and Oligopoly.

Module – 2: Pricing Policy

Pricing Policy – General considerations – Objectives – Factors involved in Pricing Policy – Methods of Pricing.

Module – 3: Monetary Policy

Monetary Policy – Methods and implications – Fiscal Policy – Measures – Implications – Inflation – Types – Causes – Measurers.

Module – 4: Business Cycles

Business Cycles – Phases of Business cycle – Effects of Business Cycle – Measures to control the Business cycle – Theories of business cycles-Multiplier and Accelerator theory – Keynesian theory.

Module - 5: Balance of Trade and Balance Of Payments

Balance of Trade & Balance of Payments – Components of Balance of Payments – Disequilibrium in the Balance of Payments – Methods of Correction of Disequilibrium – India's Balance of Paymentscrisis of 1990's.

5 Hrs

10 Hrs

5 Hrs

16 Hrs

Module-6: Foreign Trade and Economic Development

Foreign Trade & Economic Development – Foreign aid in Economic Development – Types
 – Role of Foreign Trade – Factors Determining the Amount of Foreign aid for Economic Development – Private Foreign Investment and Multinational Corporations – Types – Merits and Demerits – Exim Policy 2009-14: Highlights – Critical

evaluation of Exim policy.

Skill Development

(These activities are only indicative, the faculty member can innovate)

- 1. Prepare charts for 1st Module
- 2. Chart out the factor influencing pricing policy
- 3. Present a diagram showing business cycles
- 4. Present the Balance of Payment chart of India for the latest year.
- 5. Collect and present in tubular form foreign aid to India during at least last 5 years

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify the type of market structure and its implications on Pricing and Output decisions.
- 2. Choose the appropriate pricing in accordance with type of the pricing policy.
- 3. Examine the factors that determines Monetary and Fiscal policy and its implications on inflation.
- 4. Evaluate the change of conditions of Business Cycles and its implications on business decisions making.
- 5. Analyze the changes in the Balance of Trade and Balance of payment and its relevance on business decision making.
- 6. Evaluate the role of Foreign Trade and policy in the economic development of a country

Books for Reference

- D. M. Mithani: Business Economics
- ✤ Joel Dean: Managerial Economics
- ✤ K. K. Dewett: Economic Theory
- ♦ *M. L. Jhingan: International Economic*
- ♦ Mote V. L. Peul. S & Gupta G S: Managerial Economics TMH
- * Niravathi& C. Ramani Nair: International Economics
- ✤ Peterson & Lewis: Managerial Economics
- * Sankaran: Business Economics
- Seth M. L: Text Book of Economic Theory
- * Varsheney&Maheswari: Managerial Economics

SEMESTER – II C1 15 AR 204: BUSINESS STATISTICS & RESEARCH TECHNIOUES

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The students will be able to:

- 1. Explain the relevance and role of statistics in business research.
- 2. Choose the appropriate tool of measures of central tendency and dispersion in accordance with type of the case for Analysis.
- 3. Identify from a probability scenario events that are simple, complementary, mutually exclusive, and independent.
- 4. Choose the appropriate test of hypothesis in accordance with type of the case for Analysis.
- 5. Choose the appropriate tools for Analysis in accordance with type of the case.
- 6. Decide what graphs are appropriate for displaying quantitative and categorical variables.

Module 1: Introduction

Importance of Statistics, Scope, Limitations, Definition of Research, purpose, scope and types of research, objectives of research, Steps in research (brief), Classification of data, Formation of statistical series, Tabulation

Module 2: Measures of Central Tendency and Dispersion

Mean, Median, Mode, Geometrics Mean, Quartiles. Range, Quartile deviation, Mean deviation from Mean, Median & Mode. Standard deviation and coefficient of variation.

Module 3: Probability

Classical or mathematical definition of probability, Random Experiment, Equally likely outcomes, Sample space. – Mutually Exclusive events – Complement of an event, dependent event, independent event, conditional probability (simple problems). Importance of probability in research.

Module 4: Hypothesis Testing

Formation of Null and alternative Hypothesis. Level of significance, Type I and Type II errors, Hypothesis testing – T-test, Z-test Test for single mean and difference between two means only. Chi-Square test (Simple Problems)

Module 5: Statistical tools for Research Analysis

Time series and its application, correlation- scatter diagram, Karl Person & Spearman's coefficient of correlation, coefficient of determination and coefficient of

5 Hrs

15 Hrs

12 Hrs

10 Hrs

non-determination, Regression analysis.

Module 6: Diagrammatic & Graphical Representation of Data 5 Hrs

Diagrams: Utilities, Limitations, construction of one dimensional, two dimensional and three dimensional diagrams.

Graphs: Utilities, limitations, constitution, Frequency distribution, Histogram, Frequency polygon, Frequency Curve and Ogives.

Skill Development

(These activities are only indicative, the Faculty member can innovate)

- 1. Collection of Data and computation of various averages.
- 2. Analysis of data by computing standard deviation and coefficient of variation.
- 3. Comparing and correlating data.
- 4. Construction of Index Numbers from the collected data.
- 5. Presentation of data in graphs and diagrams.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the relevance and role of statistics in business research.
- 2. Select the appropriate tool of measures of central tendency and dispersion in accordance with type of the case for Analysis.
- 3. Identify from a probability scenario events that are simple, complementary, mutually exclusive, and independent.
- 4. Select the appropriate test of hypothesis in accordance with type of the case for Analysis.
- 5. Select the appropriate tools for Analysis in accordance with type of the case.
- 6. Decide what graphs are appropriate for displaying quantitative and categorical variables.

Book for Reference

- ✤ C. B. Gupta: Statistics, Himalaya Publications.
- Chikkodi & B. G. Satya Prasad: Business Statistics, Himalaya Publications.
- ✤ Dr. Asthana: Elements of Statistics, Chaitanya.
- ◆ Dr. B. N. Gupta: Statistics, Sahitya Bhavan, Agra.
- *Tr. Sancheti & Kapoor: Statistics Theory, Methods and Application.*
- *Ellahance: Statistical Methods.*
- S. P. Gupta: Statistical Methods, Sultan Chand, Delhi.

SEMESTER – II FSD 15 202: INDIAN CONSTITUTION

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the role of constitution in a democratic society to establish Human rights and Duties.
- 2. Examine the necessity of special rights of Dalits, Back ward Castes, Women and Children and other types of minorities.
- 3. Illustrate the powers and functions of union Executivesand Legislature.
- 4. Outline the powers and functions of State Government, State Legislature and Centre and State relations.
- 5. Explain the structure of Judicial system in India and its function of enforcing rights.

Module - 1:

Framing of the Indian Constitution: Role of the Constituent Assembly. Philosophy

of the Constitution: Objectives, resolution, Preamble, Fundamental Rights and Duties. Human Rights and Environmental Protection.

Module - 2:

Special Rights created in the Constitution for Dalits, Backward Classes, Women & Children, and Religious & Linguistic Minorities.

Directive Principles of State Policy: The need to balance Fundamental Rights with Directive Principles.

Module - 3:

Union Executive: President, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers; Powers and functions, Coalition Government; Problems in their working. Union Legislature: Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha, Powers and functions; recent trends in their functioning.

Module - 4:

State Government: Governor, Chief Minister and Council of Ministers, Legislature. Centre-State Relations: Political, Financial, Administrative; Recent Trends.

Module - 5:

Judiciary:	Supreme	Court,	Judicial	Review,	Writs,	Public	Interest
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12 Hrs ophy

12 Hrs

12 Hrs

12 Hrs

Litigations. Enforcing Rights through writs. Emergency Provisions (Article 356)

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the role of constitution in a democratic society to establish Human rights and Duties
- 2. Examine the necessity of special rights of Dalits, Back ward Castes, Women and Children and other types of minorities.
- 3. Illustrate the powers and functions of union Executives and Legislature
- 4. List the powers and functions of State Government, State Legislature and Centre and State relations
- 5. Evaluate the structure of Judicial system in India and its function in enforcing rights

Books for Reference

- ✤ K. K. Ghai: Indian Constitution.
- ♦ *G R Poornima, M N Suresh Kumar & Barath D. Malali: Indian Constitution.*