St. Joseph's College of Commerce

(Autonomous) 163, Brigade Road, Bengaluru – 560 025

Accredited with 'A++' Grade (4th Cycle) by the National Assessment and Accreditation Council (NAAC)

Recognized by the UGC as "COLLEGE WITH POTENTIAL FOR EXCELLENCE"



Bachelor of Commerce (Honours)

Semester III & IV

Syllabus as per National Education Policy 2020

Curriculum Framework w.e.f., 2021-2022

Academic year 2023 – 2024

St. Joseph's College of Commerce

(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to Bengaluru City University)

St. Joseph's College of Commerce (SJCC) was formerly a part of St. Joseph's College, established in the year 1882. The college management was later transferred to the Jesuits. The Commerce Department was established in the year 1949 and it became an independent college with its own building in Brigade Road in the year 1972.

The college has in its Vision a model for higher education which encourages individuals to dream of a socially just world and in its Mission a strategy to empower individuals in realizing that dream.

With an objective of imparting quality education in the field of Commerce and Management, the college has been innovating in all aspects of higher education over a long period of time. These innovations were further bolstered with the granting of autonomous status to the college by UGC in September 2005. From then on, the college has taken a lead in reforming curriculum and syllabus, examination and evaluation pattern and teaching and learning methods through the Board of Studies, the Academic Council and the Governing Council comprising of eminent academicians, industry representatives and notable alumni.

The college has undergone four cycles of NAAC accreditation starting from the year 2000 in which it secured 'five stars', next in the year 2007 an 'A' grade, in the year 2012 again an 'A' grade and recently in February 2021 an 'A++'. It is one of the very few institutions in the country to have secured A++ grade in the fourth cycle under the Revised Accreditation Framework (RAF) and the first college in Karnataka to do so. The college was declared as a 'College with Potential for Excellence' in the year 2010. In 2011, SJCC was recognized as a Research Centre by Bangalore University. The college has been ranked 74th in the National Institutional Ranking Framework (NIRF) ratings of Ministry of Education, Government of India, in 2021 and it has been the only institution from Karnataka to make it consistently to the top 100 in the country.

The college offers diverse Honours programmes in Commerce and Business Administration. Under Commerce Studies it offers B.Com, B.Com (Professional-International Accounting and Finance), B.Com (BPM- Industry Integrated), B.Com (Travel and Tourism), B.Com (Analytics), B.Com (Professional - Strategic Finance), M.Com (Finance & Taxation/ Marketing & Analytics), M.Com (International Business) & M.Com (Financial Analysis). Under Business Administration it offers BBA, BBA (Entrepreneurship) and BBA (Professional- Finance and Accountancy). The college also offers six one-year Post Graduate Diploma programmes.

ABOUT THE DEPARTMENT

The B.Com Department of St. Joseph's College of Commerce has efficiently streamlined all its courses to reflect an interdisciplinary approach to understanding the contemporary business environment. Its aim is to construct a strong foundation in core subjects such as Accounting, Taxation, Economics, Statistics and Auditing along with a choice of Cost Accounting, Finance, Business Analytics, Marketing and Human Resources, studied in the fifth and sixth semester. The courses are challenging, yet, rewarding for students with high aspirations. Our students have been sought after by employers for their excellent knowledge, skills and attitude, giving them an edge over their peers from other institutions. The B.Com Programme of the college is rated amongst the top 10 in the country (India Today, AC Nielson Survey 2016).

OBJECTIVES OF THE B.COM - HONOURS PROGRAMME

- 1. To provide conceptual knowledge and application skills in the domain of Commerce studies.
- 2. To provide knowledge in all the areas of business to be able to meet expectations of Commerce, Trade and Industry.
- 3. To sharpen the students' analytical and decision-making skills.
- 4. To provide a good foundation to students who plan to pursue professional programmes like CA, ICWAI, ACS, CFA and MBA.
- 5. To facilitate students to acquire skills and abilities to become competent and competitive in order to be assured of good careers and job placements.
- 6. To develop entrepreneurship abilities and managerial skills in students so as to enable them to establish and manage their own business establishments effectively.
- 7. To develop ethical business professionals with a broad understanding of business from an interdisciplinary perspective.

Salient Features of four-year Bachelor of Commerce Programme with Multiple Entry and Exit Options

- 1. The regulations governing the four-year Bachelor of Commerce Programme with Multiple Entry and Exit Options shall be applicable with effect from the Academic year 2021-2022.
- 2. The Bachelor of Commerce Programme shall be structured in a semester mode with multiple exit options:

Certificate in Commerce	On the completion of First Year (<i>two semesters</i>)
Diploma in Commerce	On the completion of Second Year (<i>four semesters</i>)

Basic Bachelor Degree	On the completion of Third Year (<i>six semesters</i>)
Bachelor Degree with	On the completion of Fourth Year (eight semesters)
Honours	

*As per the current regulations, exit option is <u>only</u> after 6 semesters and 8 semesters.

- 3. The four-year undergraduate honours degree holders with research component and a suitable grade are eligible to enter the *Doctoral Programme* in a relevant discipline.
- 4. The students who exit with Certification, Diploma or Basic Bachelor Degree shall be eligible to re-enter the programme at the exit level to complete the programme or to complete the next level.
- 5. The four-year Bachelor of Commerce Programme offers a wide range of multidisciplinary courses with exposure to other disciplines, specializations and areas. The programme aptly caters to knowledge, ability, vocational, professional and skill enhancement along with focus on humanities, arts, social, physical and life sciences, mathematics, sports etc.
- 6. The four-year Bachelor of Commerce Programme combines conceptual understanding with practical engagement through lab courses, national and international field visits, internship, conferences, workshops, seminars, case study analysis, group discussions and research projects.
- 7. A wide range of *Skill Enhancement Courses* are offered in the first four semesters to enhance language and communication, logical reasoning, critical thinking, problem solving, data analytics and life skills.
- 8. In each of the first four semester students will have an option of studying a course from other disciplines. Students will be given an option to choose from a pool of *Open Elective Courses* that provide exposure to multiple disciplines and thereby making the programme truly multi-disciplinary.
- 9. Students can make a choice of a *specialization/elective* in the 3rd and the 4th year of the programme.

I. ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION

Candidates who have completed the two-year Pre-University course of Karnataka State or its equivalent are eligible for admission into this Programme.

II. DURATION OF THE PROGRAMME

The duration of the undergraduate degree programme is *four years* (eight semesters) with multiple entry and exit options, within this period. The students can exit after the completion of *one* academic year (two-semesters) with a *Certificate* in the discipline; *Diploma* after the study of *two* academic years (four Semesters) and *Basic Bachelor Degree* after the completion of *three* academic years (six Semesters). The successful completion of *Four-Year* undergraduate Programme would lead to *Bachelor Degree with Honours in the discipline*.

III. MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION

The medium of instruction shall be English.

IV. ATTENDANCE

- **a.** A student shall be considered to have satisfied the requirement of attendance for the semester, if he/she has attended not less than 75% in aggregate of the number of working periods in each of the courses, compulsorily.
- **b.** A student who fails to complete the course in the manner stated above shall not be permitted to take the End Semester Examination.

V. SUBJECTS OF STUDY: THE COMPONENTS OF CURRICULUM FOR FOUR-YEAR MULTIDISCIPLINARY UNDERGRADUATE B.COM PROGRAMME

Category of	Objectives/ Outcomes
Courses	
Languages	Language courses equip students with communication skills, critical and creative thinking, familiarity with issues pertaining to society and culture and skills of expression and articulation. They also provide students with a foundation for learning other courses.
Ability	Ability enhancement courses are the generic skill courses
Enhancement	that enable students to develop a deeper sense of
Courses	commitment to oneself and to the society and nation
	largely.
Skill	Skill Enhancement Courses enhance skills pertaining to a
Enhancement	particular field of study to increase their employability/
Courses	self-employment. These courses may be chosen from a

The category of courses and their descriptions are given in the following table:

	pool of courses designed to provide value-based and/or							
	skill-based knowledge.							
Vocational	Vocational Enhancement courses enhance skills							
Enhancement	pertaining to a particular field of study to increase their							
courses	employability/ self- employment.							
Foundation/	These courses will supplement in a better understanding							
Discipline based	of how to apply the knowledge gained in classrooms to							
Introductory	societal issues.							
Courses								
Major Discipline	Major Discipline Core Courses aim to cover the basics that							
Core Courses	a student is expected to learn in that particular discipline.							
	They provide fundamental knowledge and expertise to							
	produce competent and creative graduates with a strong							
	scientific, technical and academic acumen.							
Major Discipline	These courses provide more depth within the discipline							
Elective Courses	itself or within a component of the discipline and provide							
	advanced knowledge and expertise in an area of the							
	discipline.							
Open or Generic	Open or Generic Elective Courses are courses chosen							
Elective Courses	from an unrelated discipline/ subject, with an intention							
	to seek exposure beyond discipline/s of choice.							
Project work/	Students shall carry out project work on his/her own							
Dissertation/	with an advisory support by a faculty member to produce							
Internship/	a dissertation/ project report. Internship/							
Entrepreneurship	Entrepreneurship shall be an integral part of the							
	Curriculum.							
Extension	As part of the objective of Social Concern, the College has							
Activities	designed a well-structured Community Outreach							
	programme of sixty hours called 'Bembala' (Support).							
	The programme includes rural camps, workshops,							
	lectures and seminars, teaching programme in Govt							
	Schools or Colleges, community service in slums and							
	villages, awareness programme in streets, localities,							
	slums or villages and public rallies on social issues. The							
	College expects the students to be part of the activities							
	organized by the College towards securing the goal of							
	Social Concern. This programme is mandatory for the							
	award of degree from the college.							
Extra/Co-								
curricular	The College has a wide range of student associations and							
Activities	clubs that provide space for students to develop their							
111111105	creative talents. The activities conducted help in							
	developing not just the artistic and entrepreneurial							
	talents but also helps in character building, spiritual							
	growth, physical growth, etc. They facilitate							
	development of various domains of mind and							
	personality such as intellectual, emotional, social, moral							

and aesthetic developments. Creativity, enthusiasm, and
positive thinking are some of the facets of personality
development and the outcomes of these activities.

VI. CREDIT REQUIREMENT

Credits represent the weightage of a course and are a function of teaching, learning and evaluation strategies such as the number of contact hours, the course content, teaching methodology, learning expectations, maximum marks etc.

Exit Option	Minimum Credit Requirement*
Certificate in Commerce	50
Diploma in Commerce	101
Basic Bachelor Degree	149
Bachelor Degree with Honours	193

*Credits are subject to change as per the NEP guidelines

VII. TEACHING & EVALUATION

M.Com/MBA/MFA/MBS/MTA graduates with B.Com, B.B.A & B.B.S as basic degree from a recognized university are only eligible to teach and to evaluate the courses including part – B courses of I and II semesters (except languages, compulsory additional courses and core Information Technology related courses) mentioned in this regulation. Languages and additional courses shall be taught by the graduates as recognized by the respective board of studies.

VIII. EXAMINATION & EVALUATION

CONTINUOUS FORMATIVE EVALUATION/ INTERNAL ASSESSMENT

Total marks for each course shall be based on continuous assessment and semester end examinations. As per the decision taken at the Karnataka State Higher Education Council, the total marks for CIA and ESE as per NEP will be 40:60.

TOTAL MARKS FOR EACH COURSE	100%
Continuous Internal assessment - CIA 1	20% marks
Continuous Internal assessment – CIA 2	20% marks
End Semester Examination (ESE)	60% marks

EVALUATION PROCESS OF INTERNAL ASSESSMENT MARKS SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS:

- **a)** The first component (CIA 1) of assessment is for 20% marks. The second component (CIA 2) of assessment is for 20% marks.
- **b)** During the end of the semester, end semester examination shall be conducted by the college for each course. This, forms the third and final component of assessment (C3) and the maximum marks for the final component will be 60%.
- **c)** The students shall be informed about the modalities well in advance. The evaluated assignments during component I (CIA 1) and component II (CIA 2) are immediately provided to the students.
- **d)** The marks of the total internal assessment shall be published on the ERP for students at the end of semester.
- **e)** The internal assessment marks shall be submitted to the COE as per the date mentioned.
- f) There shall be no minimum in respect of the internal assessment marks.
- **g)** Internal assessment marks may be recorded separately. A student who has failed, shall retain the internal assessment marks as there will be no change in the CIA results scored.

MINIMUM FOR A PASS

- a. A student needs to get 40% in the end semester examination and in addition the student also should get an aggregate of overall 40% inclusive of his internal assessment to be declared as passed.
- b. The student who is passed in all the end semester examinations in the first attempt is eligible for rank
- c. A student who passes the semester examinations in parts or attempted supplementary exams is eligible for only Class and CGPA but not for ranking.
- d. The results of students who have passed the last semester examinations but not passed the lower semester examinations shall be eligible for the degree only after completion of all the lower semester examinations.
- e. If a student fails in a subject, either in theory or practical's he/she shall appear for that subject only at any subsequent regular examination, as prescribed for completing the programme. He/she must obtain the minimum marks for a pass in that subject (theory and practical's separately) as stated above.

CARRY OVER

Students who fail in lower semester examinations may go to the higher semesters and take the lower semester examinations as per odd or even semester in the next consecutive chance.

CLASSIFICATION OF SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES

The ten-point grading system is adopted. The declaration of result is based on the Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) earned towards the end of each semester or the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) earned towards the completion of all the eight semesters of the programmes and the corresponding overall grades. If some students exit at the completion of the first, second or third year of the four-year Undergraduate Programmes, with Certificate, Diploma or the Basic Degree, respectively, then the results of successful candidates at the end of second, fourth or sixth semesters shall also be classified on the basis of the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) obtained in the two, four, six or eight semesters, respectively. For award of;

- Certificate in Business Commerce
- Diploma in Business Commerce
- Basic Bachelor's Degree in Business Commerce
- Bachelor's Degree with Honours in a Discipline

TRANSFER FOR ADMISSION

Transfer for admission is permissible only for odd semesters for students of other universities and within the university.

CONDITIONS FOR TRANSFER OF ADMISSION OF STUDENTS WITHIN THE UNIVERSITY

- a. His/ her transfer admission shall be within the intake permitted to the college.
- b. Availability of same combination of subjects studied in the previous college.
- c. He/she shall fulfill the attendance requirements as per the University Regulation.
- d. He/she shall complete the programme as per the regulation governing the maximum duration of completing the programme.

CONDITIONS FOR TRANSFER ADMISSION OF STUDENTS OF OTHER UNIVERSITIES

- a. A Student migrating from any other University may be permitted to join odd semester of the degree programme provided he/she has passed all the subjects of previous semesters/years as the case may be. Such candidates must satisfy all other conditions of eligibility stipulated in the regulations of the University.
- b. His/her transfer admission shall be within the intake permitted to the college.
- c. He/she shall fulfill the attendance requirements as per the University Regulation.
- d. The student who is migrating from other Universities is eligible for overall SGPA/CGPA or Class and not for ranking.
- e. He/she shall complete the programme as per the regulation governing the maximum duration of completing the programme as per this regulation.

Outcome Based Education (OBE) B.Com (Regular)

Program Educational Objectives (PEO)

Our B.Com (Regular) program will produce graduates who will:

PEO1: Be competent, creative and highly valued professionals in industry, academia, or government.

PEO2: Adapt to a rapidly changing environment with newly learnt and applied skills and competencies, become socially responsible and value driven citizens, committed to sustainable development.

PEO3: Act with conscience of global, ethical, societal, ecological and commercial awareness with sustainable values as is expected of professionals contributing to the country.

PEO4: Able to continue their professional development by obtaining advanced degrees in accounting and other professional fields.

Programme Outcomes (PO):

After the completion of the **B.Com (Regular)** Programme, the student will be able to:

PO1: Disciplinary and Inter - disciplinary Knowledge

Demonstrate the **understanding** of relevant business, management and organization knowledge, both academic and professional, in line with industry standards.

PO2: Decision making Skill

Apply underlying concepts, principles, and techniques of analysis, both within and outside the discipline to generate all the possible solutions and picks one that shows their understanding of the problem and the outcomes.

PO3: Integrated problem-solving and Research

Analyze how parts of a whole interact with each other to produce overall outcomes in complex systems by analyzing key managerial issues in a particular industry or company and propose appropriate managerial solutions to the situation

PO4 Critical thinking Skill

Evaluate evidence, arguments, claims and beliefs by using right type of reasoning as appropriate to the situation and Analyze how parts of a whole interact with each other to produce overall outcomes in complex systems

PO5 Creative thinking Skill

Develop, implements and communicates new and worthwhile ideas using both incremental and radical concepts to make a real and useful contribution to their work

PO6: Usage of Modern Technology and Tools

Use tools and technologies of digital nature, communication/networking tools and social networks appropriately to access, manage, integrate, evaluate and create information to successfully function in a knowledge economy

PO7 Leadership and team work

Develop a vision, translate that vision into shared goals, and effectively work with others to achieve these goals.

PO8 Ethical Conduct & Sustainability Practices

Act responsibly and sustainably at local, national, and global levels

PO9 Collaboration & Networking Skill

Work collaboratively and respectfully as members and leaders of diverse teams

PO10 Self-directed and Life – Long learning

Create goals and monitor progress toward them by developing an awareness of the personal, environmental and task-specific factors that affect attainment of the goals.

Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

PSO11 Integrative Experience and Experiential Learning

Develop significant and experimental components that focus on the critical assessment of specific phenomena in the sphere of Commerce.

PSO12 Global Perspectives in Multicultural Environment

Create an environment to facilitate effective communication and team work with people of different nationalities and cultures, demonstrating respect for social, cultural and linguistic diversity.

		PROCRA			PROGRAMM		CV		
Course Category	I	II	III	IX AS PEK NA IV	TIONAL EDUC V	VI	VII	VIII	TOTAL
			Part A : Abil	ity Enhancemen	t Complusory Co	ourses			
Language	Lan 1	Lan 1	Lan 1	Lan 1	-	-	-	-	
4 Hrs/3 Crs	Lan 2	Lan 2	Lan 2	Lan 2	-	-	-	-	
Compulsory Courses 3 Hrs/3 Crs	-	Environmental Studies	-	India & Indian Constitution	-	-	-	-	
I	6 Crs	9 Crs	6 Crs	9 Crs	-	-	-	-	30
				Part B: Core C	Courses			•	•
	Financial Accounting	Corporate Accounting	Financial Management	Cost Accounting	Income Tax I	Income Tax II	Corporate Tax	Business Data Analysis	
Discipline Specific Core Courses	Business Mathematics and Statistics	Principles of Management	Marketing Management	Human Resources Management	Advanced Cost Accounting	Management Accounting	Strategic Management	Forex Management *	
4 Hrs/4 Crs	Business Economics	Business Law	Financial Reporting	Theory and Practice of Banking	Principles and Practice of Auditing	Goods And Services Tax	Entrepreneurial Development Programme	Business Information System *	
	-	-	-	-	Company Law and Secretarial Practice	Fundamentals of Research	-	-	
Open Electives Course (OEC) 3 Hrs/ 3 Crs	Choice of Course	Choice of Course	Choice of Course	-	-	-	-	-	
Discipline Specific Elective 4 Hrs/3 Crs	-	-	-	-	Elective 1	Elective 2	Elective 3	Elective 4	
SEC - SB 2 Hrs/2 Crs	Digital Fluency	-	Artificial Intelligence	Financial Education Investment Awareness	-	-	-	-	
VEC 3 Hrs/3 Crs	-	-	-	-	Choice of Course	Choice of Course	Choice of Course	Choice of Course	
Research Methodology 4 Hrs/4 Crs	-	-	-	-	-	-	Research Methodology	-	
Research Proposal Formulation & Project 12 Cr	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Research Proposal Formulation & Project **	
Internship 2 Crs/4 Crs	-	-	-	-	Social Internship 2 Cr s	Corporate Internship 2 Crs	-	Internship * 4 Crs	
II	17 Crs	15 Crs	17 Crs	14 Crs	24 Crs	24 Crs	22 Crs	22 Crs	155
		,	Part C: Ski	ll Enhancement	Course - Value F	Based	1	1	1
Foundation Course Extension and	Psychological	Extension Activities 1 Cr		Extension Activities 1 Cr	-	-	-	-	
Extracurricular Activities 2 Crs	Well being	Extracurricular Activities/Ass ociation/Sports 1 Cr	Yoga	Extracurricular Activities/Ass ociation/Sports 1 Cr	-	-	-	-	
III	2 Crs	2 Crs	2 Crs	2 Crs	-	-	-	-	8

<u>Note</u>: Only students who secure 75% marks or 7.5 CGPA and above in the 1st six semesters may choose to undertake research in the 4th year.

**Those who opt for research will have one DSC with Research Proposal Formulation & Project.

*Other students will continue with the regular Core Courses and Internship.

Bachelor of Commerce Semester Structure as per National Education Policy

SEMESTER III

SL. No.	Course Code	Title of the Course	Categor y of Course	Teaching Hours per Week (L+T+P)	ESE	CIA	Total Marks	Credits
	La							
	C1 21 KN 301	Kannada						
1.	C1 21 HN 301	Hindi	AECC	3+1+0	60	40	100	3
	C1 21 AE 301	Additional English						
2.	La	nguage 2	AECC					
۷.	C1 21 GE 301	General English	AECC	3+1+0	60	40	100	3
3.	C1 21 DC 301	Financial Management	DSC-1	3+1+2	60	40	100	4
4.	C1 23 DC 302	Marketing Management	DSC-2	4+0+0	60	40	100	4
5.	C1 21 DC 303	Financial Reporting	DSC-3	4+0+0	60	40	100	4
6.		Open Electives*	OEC-1	3+1+0	60	40	100	3
7.	C1 21 SB 301	Artificial Intelligence	SEC-SB	1+0+2	30	20	50	2
8.	UG 21 FC 301	Yoga	SEC-VB	1+0+2	-	50	50	2
		SUB TOTAL (A)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	390	310	700	25

* Open Elective Courses are courses from an unrelated discipline/ subject, with an intention to seek exposure beyond discipline/s of choice.

Bachelor of Commerce Semester Structure as per National Education Policy

SEMESTER IV

SL. No.	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Course	Teaching Hours per Week (L+T+P)	ESE	CIA	Total Marks	Credits
	L	anguage 1						
	C1 21 KN 401	Kannada	-					
1.	C1 23 FK 401	Functional Kannada	AECC	3+1+0	60	40	100	3
	C1 23 KK 401	Kannada Kali						
2.	L	anguage 2	AECC					
۷.	C1 21 GE 401	General English	AECC	3+1+0	60	40	100	3
3.	UG 21 CC 401	India & Indian Constitution	AECC	3+0+0	25	25	50	3
4.	C1 21 DC 401	Cost Accounting	DSC-4	3+1+2	60	40	100	4
5.	C1 23 DC 402	Human Resources Management	DSC-5	4+0+0	60	40	100	4
6.	C1 23 DC 403	Theory and Practice of Banking	DSC-6	4+0+0	60	40	100	4
7.	C1 21 SB 401	Financial Education &Investment Awareness	SEC-SB	1+0+2	25	25	50	2
8.	UG 21 EA 401	ExtensionActivities	SEC-VB	0+0+2	-	25	25	1
	UG 21 EC 401	Extra- Curricular Activities	SEC-VB	0+0+2	-	25	25	1
		SUB TOTAL (A)	1	<u>I</u>	390	310	700	25

*Open Elective Courses are courses from an unrelated discipline/ subject, with an intention to seek exposure beyond discipline/s of choice.

SEMESTER – III

C1 21 DC 301: FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The course is devised with the aim to enable the students with the basic theories and practices of funding, allocating and managing financial resources of a firm.

Module - 1: Financial Management

Finance Function - Aims of Finance Function - Financial Management - Goals of Financial Management - Financial Decisions - Importance of Sustainable finance. Environmental, Social, Governance (ESG), Business ethics- integrity- security and information for finance managers. Use of technology in Finance.

Module - 2: Financing Decisions: Cost of Capital 12 Hrs

Meaning - Computation of Cost of Capital - Cost of Equity Preference -Debt - Cost of Retained Earnings - Weighted Average Cost of Capital and Marginal Cost of Capital.

Module - 3: Financing Decisions: Capital Structure 10 Hrs

Meaning of Capital Structure – Optimum Capital Structure – Factors determining Capital structure - Leverages - Operating leverage - Financial leverage and combined leverage - Problems - Point of Indifference.

Module - 4: Investment Decisions

Capital Budgeting – Meaning – Significance – Capital Budgeting process – Payback period - ARR - Net present values - IRR Method - Profitability Index and Capital Rationing (Concept only).

Module-5: Dividend Decisions

Meaning - Types of dividend policies - Factors influencing dividend policy -Forms of dividends. Dividend relevance theories - Walter's Model and Gordon's Model. Dividend irrelevance theories

- Modigliani Miller Model.

Module-6: Working capital management

Working capital: Meaning – Concepts of working capital – Factors influencing Working Capital requirement - Components of working capital

10 Hrs

4 Hrs

16 Hrs

8 Hrs

Profitability/Liquidity trade-off. Working Capital – Investment policy – Financing Policy.

Cash Management: Meaning – Importance – Factors affecting cash balances– Motives of holding cash – Objectives of cash management– Difficulties and Means of cash management.

Receivables Management: Meaning – Purpose – Determinants – Tools for receivables management – Ageing schedule.

Inventory Management: Meaning and Importance – Cost of holding inventory– Tools – EOQ – Fixing different inventory levels – ABC analysis – FSN – VED – JIT – Periodic inventory valuation – Perpetual inventory valuation (concepts only).

Skill Development

(These activities are only indicative, the Faculty member can innovate)

Role Play as a Finance Manager in a given decision making situation.

Prepare a Capital Budget for your new Business.

Evaluate the NPV of an investment made in any one of the capital projects with imaginary figures for 5 years.

Prepare an aging schedule of debtors with imaginary figures.

Analyse the Capital Structure of companies in different industries.

Compare & Contrast various dividend policy practices of certain companies in India.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the Course the students will be able to:

- 1. Describe both theoretical and practical role of financial manager in business corporations.
- 2. Compute the cost of capital of specific sources of capital and the overall cost of capital.
- 3. Design an optimum capital structure for an hypothetical firm.
- 4. Evaluate investment decisions by using capital budgeting techniques.
- 5. Analyze the implication of dividend policy of a listed company with live financials.
- 6. Evaluate the role of working capital management in meeting firm's strategic objectives and its value creation.

Books for Reference

- M. Pandey: Financial Management, Vikas Publishers, New Delhi.
- James C. Vanhorne: Financial Management.
- *Khan & Jain: Financial Management, Tata Mcgraw Hill, NewDelhi.*
- *P. N. Reddy & Appanaiah: Financial Management, Himalaya Publishers, Bombay.*
- Prasanna Chandra: Financial Management, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- S. N. Dorai Raj: Financial Management, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- *S. N. Maheswari: Financial Management, Sulchand& Co., New Delhi.*
- Sharma & Sashi Gupta: Financial Management.

SEMESTER - III

C1 23 DC 302: MARKETING MANAGEMENT

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The course is designed with a view to familiarise the students with the concepts of marketing and application skills needed for the various components of marketing practices.

Module 1: Introduction to Marketing

Definition – Nature – Scope – Importance – Concepts – Functions Micro and Macro environment – Meaning and difference – Marketing Management – Meaning & functions.

Module 2: Market Segmentation, Targeting & Positioning 8 Hrs

Marketing Mix (elements) Basis – Perquisites for sound segmentation - Target marketing strategies – Product positioning, meaning and steps involved.

Module 3: Consumer Behaviour

Meaning of consumer behaviour – Factors influencing Consumer behaviour – Buying decision process and its stages.

Module 4: Product & Pricing

Product mix – Product Life Cycle – New product development – Branding & Packing – Meaning – Types – Advantages and disadvantages – Objective of pricing – Factors influencing pricing decisions – Methods of pricing and pricing strategies.

Module 5: Channel of Distribution & Promotion 8

Factors affecting choice of channel – Channel design decision – Channel Management. Promotion – Meaning – Promotion mix – Selection of media – Advertisement copy – Evaluation of advertising – Personal selling – Sales Promotion.

Module 6: Ethical Aspects and Recent Trends in Marketing 10 Hrs

Marketing Ethics and Consumer Rights – Socially responsible Advertising – Ethics and regulation in Product – Pricing – Packaging and Labelling. Ethics and sustainable consumption, E- Business – Tele- Marketing – M-Business – Relationship marketing – Retailing – concept marketing and virtual marketing (concepts only).

18 Hrs

8 Hrs

8 Hrs

8 Hrs

Skill Development

(These activities are only indicative, the faculty member can innovate)

- 1. Identify the producer of your choice and describe in which stage of the product life cycle it is positioned
- 2. Suggest strategies for development of a product
- 3. Select a producer and describe an advertising endeavor for it, since its introduction
- 4. Study the Consumer Behaviour for a product of your choice
- 5. Develop an Advertisement copy for a product
- 6. Prepare charts for distribution network for different products

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe the concept of marketing in theory and practice.
- 2. Examine segmentation and learn different ways of selecting the appropriate target and positioning the product in the market.
- 3. Analyze the factors that determines the consumer behavior in buying decision.
- 4. Prepare business plans by understanding the process and principle of new product development, product-mix, branding, pricing strategies and packaging.
- 5. Interpret the factors affecting channel distribution decisions and decision affecting the promotion.
- 6. Apply ethical practices in marketing and explain the recent trends in marketing

Books for Reference

- Armstrong & Kotler: Marketing An Introduction
- C. S. V. Murthy, Business Ethics
- J. C. Gandhi, Marketing Management, Tata McGraw Hill

- Philip Kotler, Principles of Marketing
- *R..S. Davar, Marketing Management*
- S. A. Sherlaker, Marketing Management.
- Sontakatti: Marketing Management, Kalyani Publishers
- *W. Stanton: Marketing Management.*
- W. Stanton, M. Etzel, B. Walker, Fundamentals of Management, McGraw Hill Education

SEMESTER – III

C1 21 DC 303: FINANCIAL REPORTING

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The course intents to give the students an understanding of Accounting Standards and to prepare and present the financial statement as per Ind AS requirements.

Module - 1: Indian Accounting Standards and IFRS 5 Hrs

Meaning and definition of Accounting Standards – Significance - Formation of Accounting Standards Board- Objectives and functions of Accounting Standard Board- Procedure for issuing Accounting Standards

IASB -Role of IASB in developing IFRS - Convergence to IFRS in India – Phased transition to Ind AS from 1st April 2016 onwards – Role of ICAI, NACAS & NFRA in setting Ind AS – Role of MCA in pronouncing the Ind AS - Differences between Ind AS and IFRS, IndAS and AS - Conceptual framework- Principles of recognition, measurements, presentation and disclosure. Integrated reporting – Concept only

Module - 2: Assets Based Accounting Standards - I 15 Hrs

• Accounting for tangible non-current assets (Ind AS 16) – Meaning, Definition, Recognition, Measurement, Presentation, Derecognition, Disclosure –

• Inventories (IndAS 2)-Meaning, Definition, Recognition, Measurement, Presentation, Derecognition, Disclosure

• Accounting for borrowing costs Ind AS 23) - Meaning, Definition, Recognition, Measurement, Presentation, Derecognition, Disclosure

• Investment Property (Ind AS – 40) Meaning, Definition, Recognition, Measurement, Presentation, Derecognition, Disclosure

Module - 3: Assets Based Accounting Standards – II 15 Hrs

• Accounting for Intangible assets (IndAS 38) - Meaning, Definition, Recognition, Measurement, Presentation, Derecognition, Disclosure

• Accounting for impairment of assets (IndAS 36) - Meaning, Definition, Recognition, Measurement, Presentation, Derecognition, Disclosure

Module – 4: Liability Based Accounting Standard 8 Hrs

Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets (Ind AS 37) - Meaning, Definition, Recognition, Measurement, Presentation, Derecognition, Disclosure

Module-5: Revenue Based Accounting Standard

Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance (Ind AS 20) Meaning, Definition, Recognition, Measurement, Presentation, Derecognition, Disclosure

Module – 6: Expense Based Accounting Standard 10 Hrs

Accounting for Income Tax (IndAS 12) - Meaning, Definition, Recognition, Measurement, Presentation, Derecognition, Disclosure

Skill Development

(These activities are only indicative, the Faculty members can innovate)

- Prepare a comparative chart of Ind AS and IFRS
- Analyse the treatment of assets presented in Balance sheet of a company.
- Identify the application of Ind AS to the listed company by reference to the published annual report
- Analyse the published annual report on the basis of impact of adoption of IndAS from AS

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

- 1. State the objectives and uses of Accounting Standard, Formation of ASB and the role of conceptual framework of financial reporting as per the Accounting Standard in India and IFRS
- 2. Enumerate the Accounting for tangible non-current assets and its accounting standards as per IndAS.
- 3. Explain the Accounting for intangible assets, impairment of intangible assets and its accounting standards as per IndAS.
- 4. Describe the Accounting for provisions, contingent liabilities and assets and its accounting standards as per IndAS.
- 5. Illustrate the Accounting for Govt. Grants and Disclosure of government assistance and its accounting standards as per IndAS.
- 6. Describe the Accounting for Income Taxes and its accounting standards as per Ind AS.

Books for Reference

- C. Patel, B. Mantri, Indian Accounting Standards, Taxmann Publications.
- T. P. Ghosh, Illustrated Guide to Indian Accounting Standards, Taxmann Publications.
- B. D. Chatterjee, Illustrated Guide to Indian Accounting Standards, Taxmann Publications.

- D. D'Souza, V. Bansal, Indian Accounting Standards, Snow White Publications.
- ICAI, Study material of ICAI Financial Reporting (Final level). IASB, IFRS (Red Book).

SEMESTER - III

C1 21 SB 301: ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE IN ACCOUNTING AND AUDITING

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The course enables the students to illustrate the need and importance of applications of Artificial Intelligence in accounting and auditing and also evaluate the robotic automation process and its implication on assessment of risk and its reporting.

Module 1: Introduction to Artificial Intelligence

Meaning of Artificial Intelligence - Need and importance of AI in Accounting and Auditing, Origin of Artificial Intelligence - Applications of AI, Future of AI in Business/Accounting/Auditing – Challenges and Ethical considerations of AI

Module 2: Chatbots and Speech Recognition

Chatbots applications in Accounting and Auditing – Overview of IBM Watson in Auditing – Overview of Speech recognition software – Applications in Accounting and Auditing

Module 3: Robot Process Automation

Introduction – Automated Inherent Risk Assessment – Automating Internal Controls Assessment – Automated procedures – Reporting and Post-audit management – Intelligent Automation of Fraud Detection and Forensic Accounting

Module 4: Machine Learning in Accounting and Auditing10 Hours

Machine Learning: Introduction to ML, Applications of ML, Cloud Accounting – Meaning, Types, Tools used in ML (RapidMiner), IoT: Introduction to IoT and its applications in Accounting/Auditing, Smart Analytics: Introduction, Need of Smart Analytics tool for Accounting/Auditing. Audit Software Overview and Features of audit software

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of the course the students should be able to:

- 1. Illustrate the need and importance of applications of Artificial Intelligence in accounting and auditing
- 2. Choose the applicability of IBM Watson, chatbot and speech recognition software on the basis of merit of the case.
- 3. Evaluate the robotic automation process in accounting and auditing in an organisation and its implications on assessment of risk and its reporting.
- **4.** Examine the applicability of machine learning, Internet of Things and audit software and its suitability in the range of accounting and auditing processes.

7 Hours

8 Hours

5 Hours

Books for References

- Cory Ng and John Alarcon, Artificial Intelligence in Accounting, Publisher: Taylor & Francis Ltd, First Edition, December 2020, ISBN: 9780367431778.
- Al Naqvi, Artificial Intelligence for Audit, Forensic Accounting, and Valuation: A Strategic Perspective, Publisher : Wiley, USA, 1st edition, September 2020, ISBN-10 : 1119601886, ISBN-13 : 978-1119601883

SEMESTER IV

UG 21 CC 401: INDIA & INDIAN CONSTITUTION

COURSE OBJECTIVE

The purpose of the course is to help students to learn and explain the journey of India as a republic. They will, through this paper learn to contextualise the depth of India as a nation with its diverse socio-political culture, its philosophical traditions, values and Ideals. It will give them knowledge to expound the breadth of freedom struggle in various parts of India, its significance in nation building and the sacrifices made both by its leaders and followers. It will help them to demonstrate their knowledge regarding the efforts made at working towards a constitution as India's conscience cherishing the values of Justice, Liberty, Equality and Fraternity. Consequently it will enable students to contextualise the powers and functions of various offices under the Constitution. It will help them determine the role and responsibilities of citizens as enshrined in the Constitution, offering insights in to the contributions of personalities like Gandhiji, Dr B.R.Ambedkar and Jawahar Lal Nehru, Bal Gangadhar Tilak, the values tolerence, equality of treatment, scientific secularism and swarajya and the processes of policymaking keeping national wellbeing in the forefront. This paper will enable students to illustrate how vibrant our Constitution is, howfarsighted were its makers and how efficient are the various institutions that are functioning under

Module 1: Background to the study of Indian Constitution 15 Hrs

Philosophical and Political foundations of India - Dharma and Danda, Buddhist,liberal (Raja Rammohun Roy) and Subaltern (Ranajit Guha)* Colonial impact on Indian society,** Nationalist perspective (Swamy Vivekananda and Sri Aurobindo).

Political values and Ideals during freedom struggle - Non Violence, Tolerance, Satyagraha and Swadeshi (Gandhi), Swarajya (Tilak), Integral Humanism (Deen Dayal Upadhyay) and Voluntarism (Vinoba Bhave).

Political Contribution of Regional freedom struggle - Kittur Rani Chennamma, Hardekar Manjappa, Madikeri Peasants, Halagali Bedas.

Module 2: Constitutional Development and its Philosophy15 Hrs

Historical background of Constitutional development in India - Developments between 1857 to1952 (only Acts during this period must be taught), Composition and debates of Constituent Assembly (in brief), working of committees.

Philosophy and features of Indian Constitution – Preamble, Salient features, Constitutionalism, Dr B.R. Ambedkar and Nehru's contribution in the making of the Constitution.

Working of the Constitution – Fundamental Rights, Union-State and Inter-State Relations (Art. 263, Inter-State disputes and trade and commerce), important Amendments to the Constitution**, Parliamentary Committees* (Standing, Ad hoc and Departmental).

Module 3: Constitutional Institutions and Citizen's role 15 Hrs

Parliamentary and Constitutional Institutions - Legislature (Upper and Lower house), Executive (composition and powers), Judiciary (High Court and Supreme Court, its composition and jurisdiction), Comptroller and Auditor General, Inter-State Council, Election Commission.

Role and Responsibilities of Citizens under Indian Constitution - Concept of Citizenship, Citizenship Amendment Act, Fundamental Duties, Right to Information Act, Civil Society.*

Goals and Policies of National Development enshrined in the Constitution -Concept of National Development, Unity and Integrity of the nation, Goals of Educational Policies, Role of teachers and students in Nation Building.

COURSE OUTCOME

Upon completion of this course students will be able to –

- Explain the philosophy and the structure of the Constitution.
- Measure the powers, functions and limitations of various offices under the Constitution.
- Demonstrate the values, ideals and the role of Constitution in a democratic India.

Books for Reference:

- Aiyangar K.R. 1941. "Ancient Indian Polity". Oriental Bokks Agency. Poona.
- Altekar A.S. 1949. "State and Government in Ancient India". Motilal Banarsidass Chowk, Banaras
- Andre Beteille, 1965. Caste, class, and Power. Berkley: University of California Press.
- Arora & Mukherji, Federalism in India, Origin and Developments, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 1992.
- Bhandarkar D.D. 1940. "Some Aspects of Ancient Indian culture". University of Madras.
- Chandra Bipan. 1979. "Nationalism and Colonialism in India". Orient, Lang.

- Constitution of India (Full Text), India.gov.in., National Portal of India, https://www.India.gov.in/sites/upload_files/npi/files/coi_part_full.pdf
- D. C. Gupta, Indian Government and Politics, Vikas publishing House, New Delhi, 1975.
- Desai, A R. 2016. Social Background of Indian Nationalism. Los Angeles: Papular Prakashan.
- Durga Das Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Gurgaon; LexisNexis, 2018 (23rd edn.)
- Gandhi, M.K. "Hind Swaraj", http://www.mkgandhi.org/ebks/hind_swaraj.pdf
- ✤ Goshal U.N. 1923. "History of Hindu Political Theory". Oxford University Press, Culcutta.
- Granville Austin, 2000. The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation. Melbourne: Oxford University Press.
- Hanson and Douglas, 1972. India`s Democracy. New York City: W W Norton & Co Inc.
- Harish Ramaswamy and S. S. Patagundi(Ed.) 2007. Karnataka- Government and Politics. Delhi: Concept Publishing Company.
- J.N. Pandey, The Constitutional Law of India, Allahabad; Central Law Agency, 2018 (55th edn.)
- ✤ Jayaswal K.P. 1943. "Hindu Polity". Bangalore Printing and Publishing Co. LTD, Bengalore.
- ✤ Johari J C 1974. Indian Government and Politics. New Delhi: Vishal Publications.
- K B Merunandan, Bharatada Samvidhana Ondu Parichaya, Bangalore, Meragu
 O Publications, 2015.
- K. Sharma, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2002.
- Kapoor, Kapil(Ed), 2005, Indian Knowledge System-Vol-1, New Delhi: D>K Printworld LTD.Political Science Syllabus wef 2021-22
- Kapoor, Kapil, 1994, Texts of the Oral Tradition, Language, Linguistics and Literature: The Indian Perspective. Delhi: Academic Foundation
- ✤ Kosambi D.D. 1965. "The Culture and Civilization of Ancient India and Historical Outline". Vikas Publishing House pvt. Ltd, Noida.
- Krishana Rao, M. & G.S. Halappa. 1962. History of Freedom Movement in Karnataka. Mysore: Government of Mysore.
- M.V. Pylee, India's Constitution, New Delhi; S. Chand Pub., 2017 (16th edn.)
- Nagel, Stuart, 2017, India's Development and Public Policy. UK: Routledge.
- P.M Bakshi, Constitution of India, Universal Law Publishing House, New Delhi, 1999.
- Patham and Thomas Patham. 1986. "Political Thought in Modern India." Sage Publications, United State.
- ✤ Rajni Kothari, 1995. Caste in Indian Politics. Telangana: Orient Blackswan.
- Rghavendra Rao, K. 2000. Imagining Unimaginable Communities. Hampi: Prasranga, Kannada University.
- ♦ Bhargava, Rajeev. ed. 1998. Secularism and Its Critics, New Delhi: Oxford

University Press.

- S. N. Jha, Indian Political System,: Historical Developments, Ganga Kaveri Publishing House, Varanasi, 2005.
- Said Edarard .1978. "Orientalism". Pantheon Books, USA.
- Sharma, R.S. 1991. "Early Indian Social and Political Thought and Institutions (Aspects of the Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India". Motilal Banarsidass, Delhi.

SEMESTER – IV

C1 21 DC 401: COST ACCOUNTING

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The course aims to enable students with adequate knowledge of basic cost concepts and costing techniques required for effective cost control.

Module 1: Basic Concepts

Meaning - Cost accounting - Cost accountancy - Costing - Cost accounting and management - Objectives of Cost Accounting - Cost accounting v/s Financial Accounting - Cost Accounting v/s Management Accounting - Advantages of cost accounting - Methods of costing - Techniques (types) of costing - Cost centers (Meaning and purpose) - Cost units (Meaning and importance) - Cost accounting departments-Brief note on Cost Audit Records and Report Rules. Social Responsibility in performance and TBL.

Module 2: Cost Concepts and Classification

Meaning - Cost - Expenses - Losses - Classification of costs - Cost statement or cost sheet - Tender and quotation - Job and Batch Costing.

Module 3: Material Control and Material Costing 10 Hrs

Materials - Concepts and objectives of material control - Organization for material control - Purchasing and receiving procedure - Some issues in materials procurement - stores organization - Inventory system - Inventory shortages (losses) and overages - Inventory control. Calculations of Stock levels and EOQ with or without discount.

Costing material received – Costing material issues (FIFO, LIFO, simple and weighted average method only) - Pricing of materials returned to vendor - Pricing of materials returned to storeroom – Selection of a material pricing method.

Module - 4: Labour Costs - Accounting and Control 10 Hrs

Introduction - Direct labour and indirect labour - Organization for labour control -Wage systems - Incentives wage plans - Work study - Job evaluation and merit rating - Time and motion study - Labour turnover - Treatment of labour cost related items - Methods of remunerating labour - Time and piece rate system - Halsey and Rowan premium systems - Taylor and Merrick's differential piece rate system.

Module 5: Overhead Distribution

15 Hrs

5 Hrs

12 Hrs

Concept – Classification of overheads – Factory overhead - Fixed – Semi variable and variable – Factory overheads - Accounting and distribution – Collection and codification of factory overheads– Allocation and apportionment of factory overheads – Apportionment of service departments overheads to producing departments (repeated and simultaneous equation method) – Absorption of factory overhead (Machine hour rate) – Selecting an absorption rate.

Module 6: Reconciliation of Cost and Financial Accounts 8 Hrs

Need for reconciliation – Reasons for differences in profits – Problem on preparation of reconciliation statement and memorandum reconciliation accounts.

Skill Development

(These activities are only indicative, the Faculty member can innovate)

- Present a list of methods of costing adopted by industries located in the region.
- Prepare a list of materials consumed in any two organizations of your choice.
- Analyse different formats such as materials requisition purchase requisition-bin card- stores
- Ledger
- Prepare and present a wage sheet / pay roll using imaginary figures.
- Develop a list of expenses of any two companies and present the cost sheet

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

- 1. Explain the Concepts, Methods and Techniques of Cost accounting.
- 2. Prepare a Cost statement/Cost sheet in accordance with cost behavior (changes in output or activity or volume).
- 3. Prepare store ledger using FIFO, LIFO, Simple and weighted average method as tool of material control.
- 4. Compute cost of labour using Time and Piece rate system Halsey and Rowan premium system Taylor and Merrick's differential piece rate system as tool of Labour control.
- 5. Compute statement showing allocation and apportionment of overheads of service department to Producing Departments by using Repeated and simultaneous equation Methods.
- 6. Compute statement showing the reconciliation of cost and financial accounts.

Books for Reference

- C. Drury, Management and Cost Accounting
- Nigam, Theory and Techniques of Cost Accounting
- S. P. Jain & K L Narang, Cost and Management Accounting
- Dr. S. N. Maheshwari, Cost Accounting
- JawaharLal, Cost Accounting
- M. N. Arora, Cost Accounting, H
- AmandeepKaur, PunamAgarwal Industrial Relations
- *M. Sarma Aspects of labour welfare and social security.*

SEMESTER - III

C1 23 DC 402: HUMAN RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The course is conceptualised to acquaint the students with the basic skills required in managing people in an organisation.

Module - 1: Brief Introduction to Human Resources Management (HRM) 8 Hrs

HRM – Meaning, Importance, Objectives, Functions and Process, Structure of the HR department – HRM Governance.

Module – 2: HR Planning, Recruitment, Selection & Induction, Training & Development 14 Hrs

HRP: Objectives, and Benefits, Process of HRP, Challenges in HRP.

Recruitment: Definition, Objectives, factors affecting recruitment, sources of Recruitment and techniques of recruitment.

Selection: Meaning and definition, significance, selection procedures,

Placement: Meaning and definition

Induction: Meaning, definition, process and importance.

Training & Development: Meaning, Importance, Benefits, Need, Training Methods & Techniques, Evaluation of Training Programmes, Training Management Systems & Processes. Difference between training & development.

Module – 3: Performance Appraisals and Career Management 10 Hrs

Performance Appraisal: Meaning, objectives, Importance. Process, methods (Traditional and Modern methods), essentials of a sound appraisal system -, problems of performance appraisal.

Career Planning & Development: Definition, importance, career stages, process of career planning and development. Establishing a career development system – actions and pre- requisites.

Succession planning: Meaning and importance, Differences in HRP and Succession Planning.

Employee Engagement: Meaning, Definition, Importance and strategies to improve employee engagement. Difference between employee engagement and employee satisfaction. Attrition: Meaning and reasons for Attrition, Merits and De-merits of Attrition.

Module - 4: Compensation and Reward Management 8 Hrs

Job Evaluation: Meaning, Importance and Techniques.

Compensation: Meaning, definition, concepts and objectives, Importance of an ideal compensation plan, Principles and methods of compensation fixation.

Rewards: Meaning and Importance, Types of Rewards- monetary and non-monetary rewards.

Module – 5: Human Resource Accounting & Auditing 8 Hrs

Human Resource Accounting: Meaning, Objectives, Methods – Cost Based Approach-Value Based Approach (Concepts Only) – Limitations.

Human Resource Auditing: Meaning, benefits, process, approaches to HR Audit, phases involved in HR Audit, Audit Reports.

Module 6 - Contemporary Human Resource Practices.12 Hrs

Recent Trends in Human Resource Management: Recruitment & Selection (Predictive analysis, Social media recruiting, and Candidate experience). Training & Development (Virtual mentorship, Experiential Learning, Learner centred E – Learning), Compensation & Rewards Management (Pay Equity, Quality of Work-Life Rewards & Digital rewards)

Remote working & Gig Economy: Benefits & Challenges

Digitalization in Human Resource Management: Gamification, Artificial Intelligence and Augmented Reality, Virtual reality (concepts only)

Human Resource Analytics: Meaning, benefits, application of HR Analytics, tools for

HR Analytics (Concepts only)

Human Resource Value Chain (Concept only)

Ethics in Human Resource Management: Code of Employee Conduct, Green HRM – Effect of Green HRM policies and practices.

Skill Development

(These activities are only indicative, the Faculty member can innovate)

• Chart out the methods of appraising employees of any (one) organization of your choice.

- Compare the HR policies of different companies in different sectors.
- Analyse welfare techniques for employees of different categories (Ex: Women, senior employees etc.).
- Draft the executive development plan of any company.
- Compare and contrast the different recruitment models in companies.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

1. Illustrate the role and functions of Human Resource Manager in the capacity of practicing manager.

2. Illustrate the process of HR planning, Recruitment, selection and Induction of a hypothetical organization.

3. Compare and contrast the Training methods and techniques adopted by any two organization and evaluation of training programme.

4. Relate the implications of Performance appraisal system, Career Planning and Development and succession planning on Employees Engagement and attrition.

5. Justify the Design of Compensation and rewards in alignment with Job Evaluation. Develop a process of HR Audit and generate Audit Report.

6. Design an innovative business model or process integrated with emerging trends in HRM.

Books for Reference

- C. B. Memoria: Personnel Management.
- David Bell: Personnel Management.
- David R Hampton: Modern Management issues and Ideas.
- Deepak Kumar Bhattacharya: Human Research Management
- K. Aswathappa: Human Resource & Personnel Management.
- K. K. Aheja: Personnel Management.
- *Michael Porter: HRM and Human Relations.*
- T. N. Chhabra& K. K. Aheja: Managing People at Work.

SEMESTER – IV

C1 23 DC 403: THEORY AND PRACTICE OF BANKING

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The course aims to familiarize students with the banking system and to give an overview from the Indian context and latest trends in banking.

Module – 1: Nature of Banking and functions of a banker 12 Hrs

Functions of Commercial banks, Sources and employment of commercial bank funds, earning assets of a bank, Creation of credit by banks, Theories of Liquidity and profitability. Obligations and rights of a banker, Garnishee Order, Disclosure of information about customers account as required by law (KYC), Law of limitation. Corporate Governance in Banking Sector.

Module – 2: Commercial banks and central bank 8 Hrs

Types of Banks: Scheduled and Non-Scheduled Banks, Regional Rural Banks, and Development Banks: IFCI, SFC, SIDC, ICICI, IDBI, and NABARD.

Types of Banking systems- Branch, Unit, Investment (Development), Universal (Mixed) Banking. Understand the basic purpose and functions of: Retail banking – Investment banking (securities/trading) – Corporate Banking – Private banking – Co-operative banks.

Micro Credit- Meaning and Importance, Islamic financing-Meaning and Five Basic Principles

Regulatory Authority-RBI Quantitative and qualitative credit control measures (in detail).

Module – 3: Negotiable Instruments

Essential Characteristics of Negotiable Instruments, Promissory note, Bills of Exchange, Cheque - (meaning and features), Bearer cheques, Crossed cheques, Types of Crossing and Opening of Crossing, Demand draft, Parties to a Negotiable Instrument.

Module – 4: Paying and Collecting Banker 10 Hrs

Precautions to be taken by a Paying banker, Protection to Paying banker in case of Order cheques, Suitable replies to dishonored cheques. Conversion by Collecting banker, Duties of Collecting banker

Module -5: Principles of Bank Lending and Managing Risk 12 Hrs

10 Hrs

Principles of sound lending, Credit worthiness of borrowers, Non-Performing Assets, Modes of creating charge (Lien, Pledge, Hypothecation, Mortgage and its types, Assignment) Different types of risks – Basel norms and its global impact with special emphasis on its implementation in India.

Module - 6: Latest Trends in Banking

8 Hrs

Phone banking- call centers- Internet banking-mobile banking- payment gateways-card technologies-MICR electronic clearing- Total branch computerization-centralized banking-electronic fund transfer-RTGSS-NEFT-Electronic money-E- cheques. Green and Sustainable Banking.

Skill Development

(These activities are only indicative, the Faculty member can innovate)

- Analyse the various retail banking products offered by visiting the websites of Five different Commercial banks (three public and two private sector banks).
- Create a record of sample forms collected from any retail bank for one asset product and one liability product offered by that bank.
- Prepare a project report for obtaining bank loans
- Prepare a detailed report on the loan moratorium announced by RBI during the pandemic
- Present the role of 'bad bank' in India that was announced in the Union budget of current financial year

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the Course the students will be able to:

- 1. Explain the nature and functions of commercial banks and disclosure of information about customers.
- 2. Illustrate the structure and system of banking in India.
- 3. Use negotiable instruments and cheques in accordance with the merit of the case.
- 4. Examine the role of a paying and collecting banker on different situations.
- 5. Apply risk management techniques in accordance with the type of the lending.
- 6. Examine the implications of recent trends in banking.

Books for Reference

- Sundaram&Varshney: Theory & Practice of Banking.
- De Kock: Central Banking.
- Dr. K. N. Prasad & T. Chandradass: Banking and Financial System.
- Maheswari& Paul. R. R: Banking Theory and Law and Practice.
- *Rudder Datt& K. P. M. Sundara: Indian Economy.*
- *S. M. Jha: Services Marketing.*
- Shekar&Shekar: Theory and Practice of Banking

SEMESTER – IV C1 21 SB 401: FINANCIAL EDUCATION AND INVESTMENT AWARENESS

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The course is designed to enable the students with basic knowledge on trading and investment thus enhancing their financial literacy.

Module 1: Foundations for Finance

11 hours

Introduction to Basic Concepts: Understand the need for financial planning – basic concepts – life goals and financial goals – format of a sample financial plan for a young adult.

Economics: Meaning – scope – key concepts influencing decision making both micro & macro.

Banking in India: Types of Bank Deposits, Deposit Insurance (PMJDY). Traditional and New Banking Models. Debit and Credit Cards. Digital Payment System – Internet Banking (NEFT, RTGS and IMPS), Mobile Banking, Mobile Wallet, AEPS, UPI.

Orientation to Financial Statements: financial terms and concepts, model for reading financial statements, basic ratios for evaluating companies while investing – Time Value of Money – Concept of Compounding and Discounting.

Practical:

• Spreadsheet Modelling: IF Function, SUM Function, AVERAGE Function, INDEX, MATCH and VLOOKUP Function, RANK Function, SUMPRODUCT Function, MAX & MIN Function, ERRORS in Modeling (#VALUE!, #NAME?, #DIV/0!, #REF!, #NUM!, #NA), PRESENT VALUE Functions, FUTURE VALUE Functions, ANNUITY Functions, PERPETUITY Functions.

- Statistical Functions in Excel
- Financial Statements in Excel

Module 2: Investment Management

25 hours

Investment Goals: Basic investment objectives – Investment goals – time frame – assessing risk profile – concept of diversification – risk measurement tools.

Investment and Saving Alternatives for a Common Investor: Insurance – Health, Life and Other General Insurance (Vehicle Insurance, Property Insurance, etc),

Retirement and Pension Plans – National Pension System, Atal Pension Yojana, PM-SYM Yojana, PMLVMY PMKMDY etc., Stocks, Bonds, Mutual Funds.

Investor Protection and Grievance Redressal.

Stock Markets: Primary Market and Secondary Market, Stock Exchanges, Stock Exchange Operations – Trading and Settlement, Demat Account, Depository and Depository Participants.

Stock Selection: Fundamental Analysis – Economy Analysis, Industry Analysis and Company Analysis. Technical Analysis – Graphical Patterns, Candle-stick Patterns, Indicators and Oscillators.

Stock Return and Risk: Analysing risk and returns trade off- relationship-investment risk.

Practical:

• Administering Risk Tolerance Tool

• Group Presentations on Investment Alternatives (Advantages, Suitability and Limitations)

- Demonstration of Stock Trading
- Economy Analysis (www.tradingeconomics.com)
- Industry Analysis (www.ibef.org)
- Company Analysis (www.valueresearchonline.com)

• Spreadsheet Modelling for Stock Valuation (Dividend Discount Model, Free Cash Flow and Relative Valuation)

- Demonstration of Technical Analysis and Exercises (NSE TAME)
- Spreadsheet Modelling for calculating Stock Return, Risk and Beta

Module 3: Mutual Funds and Financial Planning Essentials 9 hours

Mutual Funds: Features of Mutual Funds, Mutual Fund History in India, Major Fund Houses in India and Mutual Fund Schemes.

Types of Mutual Fund Plans. Net Asset Value.

Criteria for selection of Mutual Funds: Returns, Performance Measures – Sharpe, Treynor, Alpha, Beta and r²

Financial Planning: Sample formats – Integrating all the concepts learnt with a personal financial plan.

Giving and supporting: Family support – charitable giving –Crowd sourcing for needs.

Practical:

• Identification of Fund Houses in India, Schemes and Plans of each Mutual Fund House (www.amfiindia.in, www.valueresearchonline.com)

- Exercises on Calculation of Net Asset Value
- Demonstration of Mutual Fund Fact Sheet
- Exercises on reading performance measures and selection of Mutual Funds
- Preparation of Financial Plan

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Explain the basic of financial decision making.
- 2. List out various saving and investment alternatives available for a common man and understand stock markets and stock selection

3. Explore the various mutual funds and the criteria for selection

References

- 1. RBI Financial Education Handbook
- 2. NSE Knowledge Hub, AI-powered Learning Experience Platform for BFSI
- 3. NSE Academy Certification in Financial Markets (NCFM) Modules:
 - a. Macroeconomics for Financial Markets
 - b. Financial Markets (Beginners Module)
 - c. Mutual Funds (Beginners Module)
 - d. Technical Analysis

Books for Reference:

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